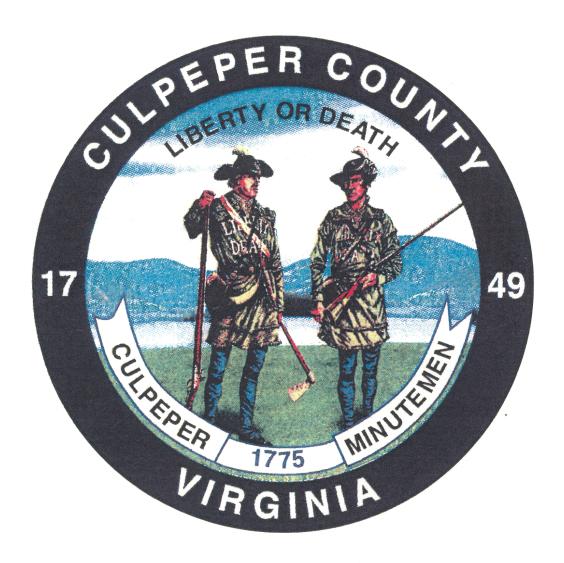
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Year Ended June 30, 2002

County of Culpeper, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2002

PREPARED BY:

Valerie H. Lamb, Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





COUNTY OF CULPEPER OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

302 N. Main Street, Culpeper, Virginia 22701 Telephone: (540) 727-3427 - Fax: (540) 727-3460 E-mail:f bossio@co.culpeper.va.us

December 6, 2002

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Culpeper County County of Culpeper, Virginia

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. This report was prepared by the County's Department of Finance. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of County assets. In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls. In addition to the internal accounting controls noted above, the County also maintains budgetary controls. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. Activities of the general fund and capital projects fund are included in the annual appropriated budget.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 has been completed and no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations have been found.

The County adopts an annual budget by July 1 of each year as required by 15.2-2503, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. A budget is not required for fiduciary funds.

When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with 15.2-2507, Code of Virginia of 1950, as amended. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the department level. The budget is implemented through appropriations that the Board makes annually, with supplemental appropriations made as required. These appropriations, except those to incur mandated expenditures, may be greater or less than contemplated in the budget.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County of Culpeper report includes all funds and account groups of the "primary government." In Virginia, cities and counties are distinct units of government; therefore, the County is responsible for providing all services normally provided by a local government. These services include public safety, social services, recreation and cultural activities and community development. Additionally, the County operates an airport, water and wastewater utility system and a landfill. For financial reporting purposes and in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." the County has identified one discrete component unit. The GASB statement establishes the criteria used in making this determination and identifies each as a blended component unit or discretely presented component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, and therefore are included as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of this primary government. Therefore, the County School Board is reported in a discrete presentation. Based on GASB Statement 14 criteria, the School Board is a legally separate organization providing educational services to the public whose board is elected and is fiscally dependent on the local government.

The financial statements for the Piedmont Regional Control Board, Rappahannock-Rapidan Regional Commission, and the Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board are not included in the County report. Boards separate from, and independent of, the Board of Supervisors administer these organizations.

Culpeper County is located in north central Virginia, 75 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. and 75 miles northwest of Richmond, Virginia. The county encompasses a land area of 381 square miles. Three U.S. primary and one State primary route traverse the County. Culpeper has a diversified economy with strong manufacturing, trade services, and agricultural sectors. Manufacturing activity includes: auto parts, furniture, kitchen cabinets, wire cable, fiber optics and iron castings.

Major service industries include: international financial telecommunications, uniform rentals, health care, education, and government. International firms have a significant presence in the community. Agriculture remains important in Culpeper's economy, with beef cattle the principal livestock and soy beans, hay and corn the major cash crops.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For fiscal year 2002: Following the goals and objectives established by the County of Culpeper Board of Supervisors, and with the assistance and guidance of the County's Administrator, County staff and agencies implemented and continued a number of specific *"programs"* designed to provide County residents with cost efficient government while enhancing their home and employment environment.

Major initiatives begun, continued, or completed during this fiscal year are:

- Geographic Information System (GIS) in place for county residents to use.
- Land purchased for the construction of strategically located, limited height telecommunications towers throughout the County.
- County airport Improvements.
- Public safety communications.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

Geographic Information System (GIS)

The County's Department of Planning and Zoning continued implementation of the County's GIS system. Residents are able to interrogate the system for all property related information such as current tax assessment values, current zoning, flood plain information, soils, building locations, topography, etc. The system is available though the Internet, or can be used free of charge at the County's offices. The system is continually upgraded and expanded. Numerous improvements were made in fiscal year 2002 and will continue in fiscal year 2003.

Telecommunications Towers

During fiscal year 2000 the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to the County's Comprehensive Plan, adopting the findings and recommendations of staff. The amendment permits the construction of a limited number of towers and limits the height of telecommunications towers throughout the County. Continuing with this project, in fiscal year 2001 the County purchased land for four (4) tower sites, and then in fiscal year 2002 the request for proposal for construction was issued, and construction was substantially complete.

Airport Improvements

During fiscal year 2002 the County of Culpeper Board of Supervisors continued major enhancements to the Culpeper Regional Airport. Ultimately the project will include an extension of the runway and taxiway to 5,000 feet. A taxiway extension, a new corporate hangar, and 15 new T-hangars were completed in fiscal year 2002. The construction is required due to a significant increase in air traffic utilizing this centrally located airport. Construction of the overall plan is well under way. Fiscal year 2001 included obstruction removal and taxiway construction, which was carried into fiscal year 2002. Runway extension design was completed in fiscal year 2002, as was apron construction. Runway extension construction is currently projected for fiscal year 2003.

Public Safety Communications

Planning for a major upgrade to the County's Public Safety Radio System was completed in fiscal year 2000. The new system will link all operations of County government and law enforcement, fire, rescue, and EMS Services, with the County's E911 public safety communications center. The project was expected to take 2 years to complete and will be "state of the art" in communications technology. With the towers construction substantially complete, the purchase of the Radio System will begin concurrently with the acquisition of a new Emergency Operations Center. It is expected construction of the new EOC will begin in the spring of 2003, with installation of the radio system to be completed during fiscal year 2004.

Prospects for the Future. For the 2002-2003 fiscal year the Board of Supervisors has approved a General Fund Operating Budget of \$40,055,052. The plan increases the real estate tax rate of \$0.88 per \$100 of assessed value to \$0.92, an increase of 4 cents.

Risk Management. The County of Culpeper has a risk management program which is committed to the logical, systematic and continuous identification of loss exposures for and to the County, its employees, its citizens and taxpayers, through the evaluation of risk in terms of severity and frequency probability and the application of sound loss control procedures. As a part of this commitment, the county has obtained third party coverage for all liability risk.

Cash Management. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in time deposits and various authorized money market instruments. The amount of interest received was \$532,548. This is a decrease from interest earned on temporary investments in fiscal year 2000-01 when the interest on investments totaled \$1,199,168.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis. Generally accepted accounting principles require management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County of Culpeper's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Independent Audit. The Commonwealth of Virginia requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of all departments of the County by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Supervisors. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Government and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is contained in this report. These requirements have been complied with and the auditor's opinion is included in this report.

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate for Excellence in Financial Reporting to County of Culpeper, Virginia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire Department of Finance. We would also like to thank the Board of Supervisors for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operation of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank J. Bossio

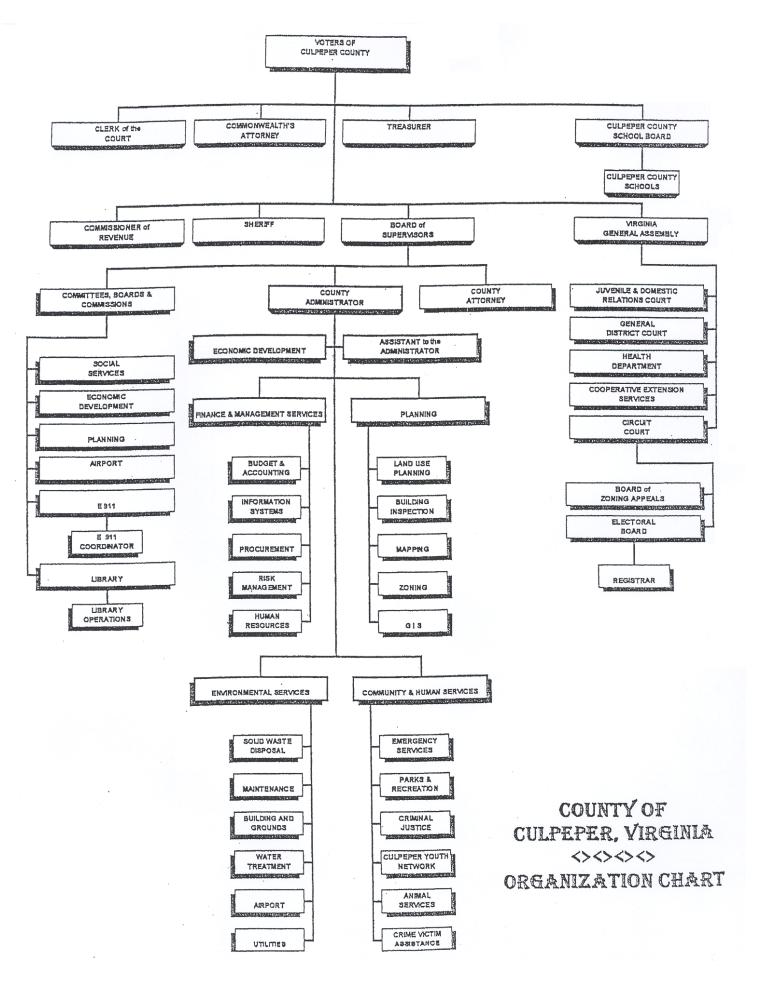
Frank T. Bossio

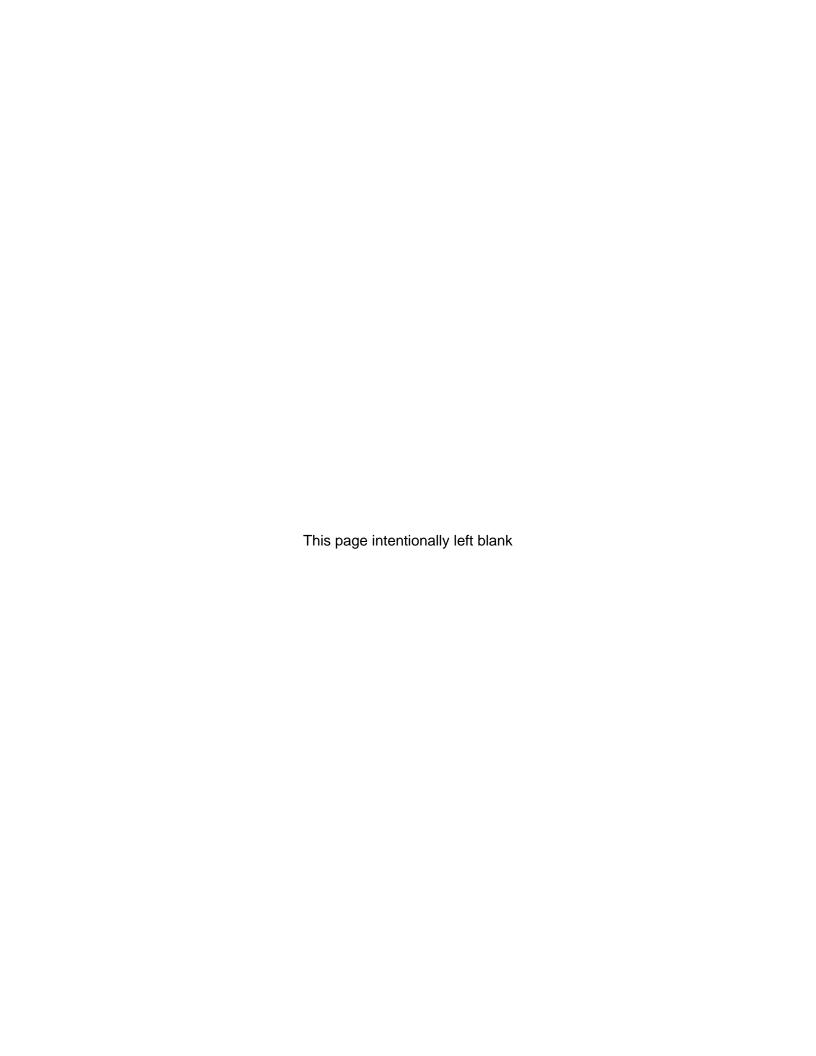
County Administrator

Valerie Lamb

Director of Finance

alone N. Zamb





Directory of Officials June 30, 2002

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John F. Coates, Chairman
Salem District
Steven L. Walker, Vice-Chairman
East Fairfax District
James C. Lee
Cedar Mountain District
Bradley C. Rosenberger
Jefferson District
Sue D. Hansohn
Catalpa District
Carolyn S. Smith
West Fairfax District
William C. Chase
Stevensburg District

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Terry Yowell

W. Stephen Southard

Gary Close

H. Lee Hart

Patricia Payne

Commissioner of Revenue

Treasurer

Commonwealth's Attorney

Sheriff

Circuit Court Clerk

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Frank T. Bossio

John D. Maddox

Valerie H. Lamb

Calvin Coleman

County Administrator

County Attorney

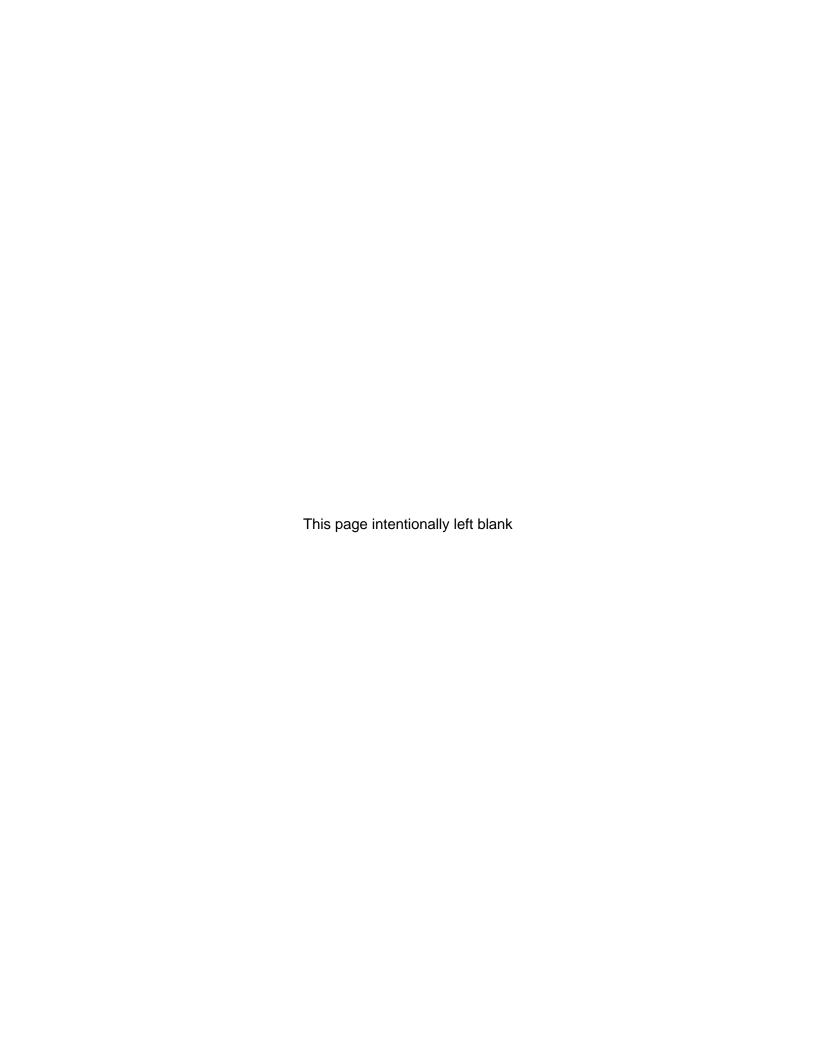
Director of Finance

Director of Social Services

SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT OFFICIALS

Administrative Officers

Dr. David A. Cox	. Superintendent
Colen Owens Deput	y Superintendent
Don Mener Dire	ctor of Personnel



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Culpeper, Virginia

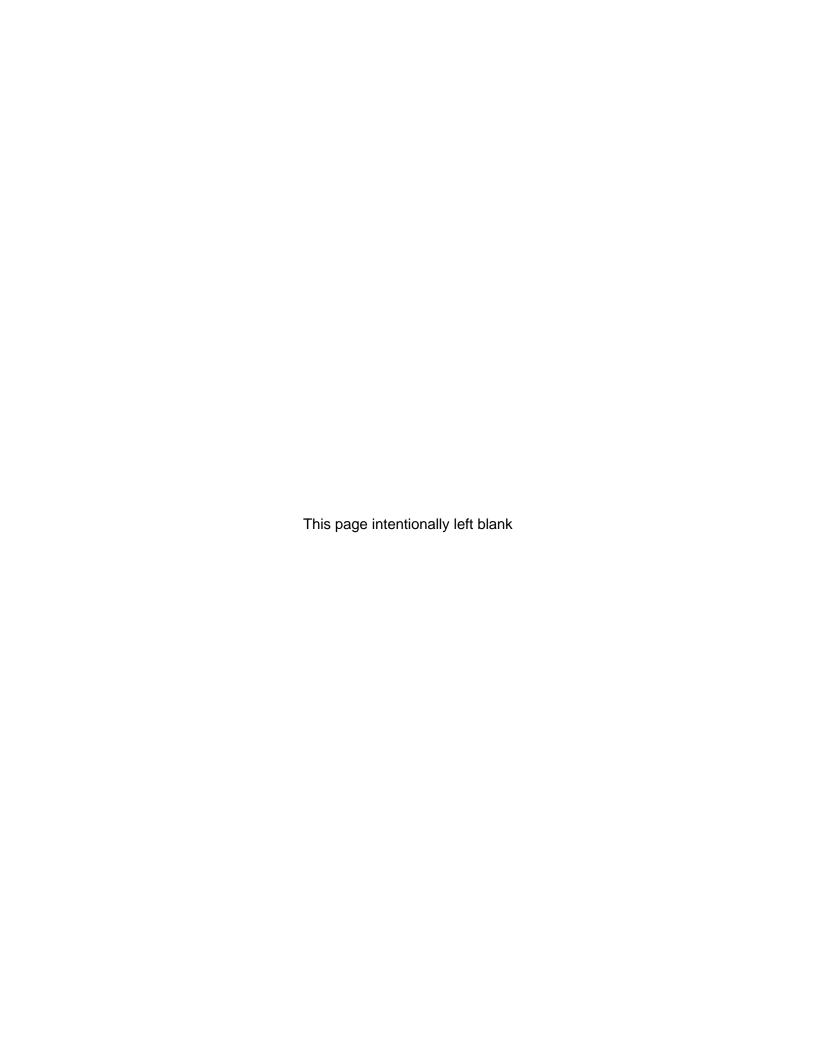
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES OF THE CANADA CANADA SE ALL SE

President

Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

A Professional limited liability company

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, as of and for the year ended, June 30, 2002, as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Culpeper's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, as of June 30, 2002, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary funds and changes in its fiduciary net assets for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2002 on our consideration of the County of Culpeper's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments," as of July 1, 2001. This results in a change to the County's method of accounting and a change in the format and content of the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the Budgetary Comparison Schedules in the accompanying table of contents are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as Other Supplementary Information in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The statistical tables listed in the Table of Contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, and we did not audit or apply limited procedures to such information. Accordingly, we do not express any assurances on such information.

Charlottesville, Virginia September 27, 2002

Heinson, Farmer les associates

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Culpeper County County of Culpeper, Virginia

As management of the County of Culpeper, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,466,406(net assets). Of this amount \$13,250,753 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21,745,068, an increase of \$1,735,943 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately seventy five percent of this amount,\$16,641,192, of this amount is available for spending at the Culpeper's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$16,641,192, or 41 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The County of Culpeper, Virginia's total debt decreased by \$3,627,314 or nine (9%) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County 's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include Water and Sewer, Landfill, and Airport operations.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Culpeper, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Culpeper, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information present for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Culpeper, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because of the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County maintains three enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, landfill, and airport operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer, landfill, and airport activities all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. Culpeper County assets exceeded liabilities by \$33,466,406 at year end.

The largest portion of the County's net assets (45 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

County of Cul	County of Culpeper, Virginia's Net Assets						
		Governmental activities		Business-type activities	· <u>-</u>	Total	
Current assets Capital and other assets	\$ 	24,915,093 37,726,156	\$	1,822,821 10,316,872	\$_	26,737,914 48,043,028	
Total assets	\$	62,641,249	\$	12,139,693	\$_	74,780,942	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	32,814,755 5,275,556	\$	3,059,762 164,463	\$_	35,874,517 5,440,019	
Total liabilities	\$	38,090,311	\$	3,224,225	\$_	41,314,536	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted-construction & other purposes Unrestricted	\$	7,329,859 5,103,876 12,117,203	\$	7,781,918 - 1,133,550	\$	15,111,777 5,103,876 13,250,753	
Total net assets	\$ <u></u>	24,550,938	\$ <u></u>	8,915,468	\$_	33,466,406	

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's investment in capital assets net of related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding represents 21% of total net assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of these nets assets are to be used for capital projects and other specific purposes.

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$19,039,333. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

County of Culpeper, For the Ye	_	ia's Changes led June 30, 20		et Assets		
	_	Sovernmental activities	 -	Business-type activities	· _	Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,566,016	\$	1,766,080	\$	3,332,096
Operating grants & contributions		9,089,540		-		9,089,540
Capital grants & contributions		2,630,620		1,933,446		4,564,066
General revenues:						
General property taxes		22,684,654		-		22,684,654
Other local taxes		6,261,152		-		6,261,152
Use of money and property		551,748		101,266		653,014
Miscellaneous and transfers in		514,260		731,622		1,245,882
Grants and contributions not restricted to						
specific programs		2,803,975	_	-	_	2,803,975
Total revenues	\$	46,101,965	\$	4,532,414	\$_	50,634,379
Expenses:						
General government	\$	2,021,301	\$	-	\$	2,021,301
Judicial administration	·	1,589,341	·	-	·	1,589,341
Public safety		6,248,448		-		6,248,448
Public works		415,475		-		415,475
Health and welfare		7,196,456		-		7,196,456
Education		5,594,190		-		5,594,190
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,048,520		-		1,048,520
Community development		818,280		-		818,280
Capital outlays		300,424		-		300,424
Nondepartmental and transfers out		802,447		-		802,447
Interest in long-term debt		1,027,750		-		1,027,750
Water and sewer		<u> </u>	_	2,603,764		2,603,764
Total expenses	\$	27,062,632	\$	2,603,764	\$	29,666,396
Increase in net assets	\$	19,039,333	\$	1,928,650	\$	20,967,983
Net assets, July 1, 2001	•	5,511,605	٣	6,986,818	_	12,498,423
Net assets, June 30, 2002	\$	24,550,938	\$	8,915,468	\$	33,466,406

Government-wide Financial Analysis

- Property taxes increased by \$1,564,034 during the year. Most of this increase is the product of general growth in assessments as well as an increase in the real estate tax rate of \$.06. In addition Personal Property Tax Relief Act revenue increased \$1,022,149 due to the Commonwealth of Virginia increased reimbursement from 47.5 percent to 70 percent in the current fiscal year.
- Operating grants for governmental activities decreased \$144,766 during the year.

For the most part, increases in expenditures closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$21,745,068, an increase of \$1,735,943 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately seventy-seven percent of this total amount constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is dedicated for construction projects and subsequent expenditures to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary funds provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were \$2,792,163 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$2,266,541 in health and welfare
- \$354,069 in public safety
- \$242,690 in public works

Of this increase, \$1,870,139 was to be funded out from intergovernmental revenues and \$252,406 from charges for services. The remaining \$669,618 was budgeted from other revenues, transfers in and available fund balance. During the year, however, revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$112,088. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$3,912,851, thus eliminating the need to draw upon existing fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

 Capital assets - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and enterprise operations as of June 30, 2002 amounts to \$48,043,028 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The County is in the process of completing Binns Elementary School and an addition onto the High School.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (continued)

County of Culpeper, Virginia's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)						
		Governmental activities	. <u>-</u>	Business-type activities		Total
Land Buildings and equipment Jointly owned assets Construction in progress	\$	2,527,138 9,972,852 30,373,229 1,668,843	\$	1,216,159 9,575,544 - -	\$	3,743,297 19,548,396 30,373,229 1,668,843
Total Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 	44,542,062 6,815,906	\$ 	10,791,703 474,831	\$ 	55,333,765 7,290,737
	\$ \$, ,	\$ 		\$ \$_	

Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year the County had the following outstanding debt:

County of Culpeper, Virginia's Outstanding Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2002						
	Governmental activities		Business-type activities		Total	
Revenue bonds payable General obligation bonds Landfill closure/postclosure Capital leases Compensated absences Total	\$ \$	- 34,047,488 - 23,068 840,612 34,911,168	\$ 	2,519,056 - 653,531 - 25,722 3,198,309	\$ \$_ \$_	2,519,056 34,047,488 653,531 23,068 866,334 38,109,477

Legislation enacted fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 requires that debt historically reported by the School Board has been assumed by the Primary Government. The legislation affects the reporting of local school capital assets as well.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$36,566,544. Of this amount \$34,047,488 represents debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). During the year the County issued \$13,025,026 in general obligation bonds to pay off \$15,000,000 in notes payable for various School Board projects.

Additional information on the County of Culpeper, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

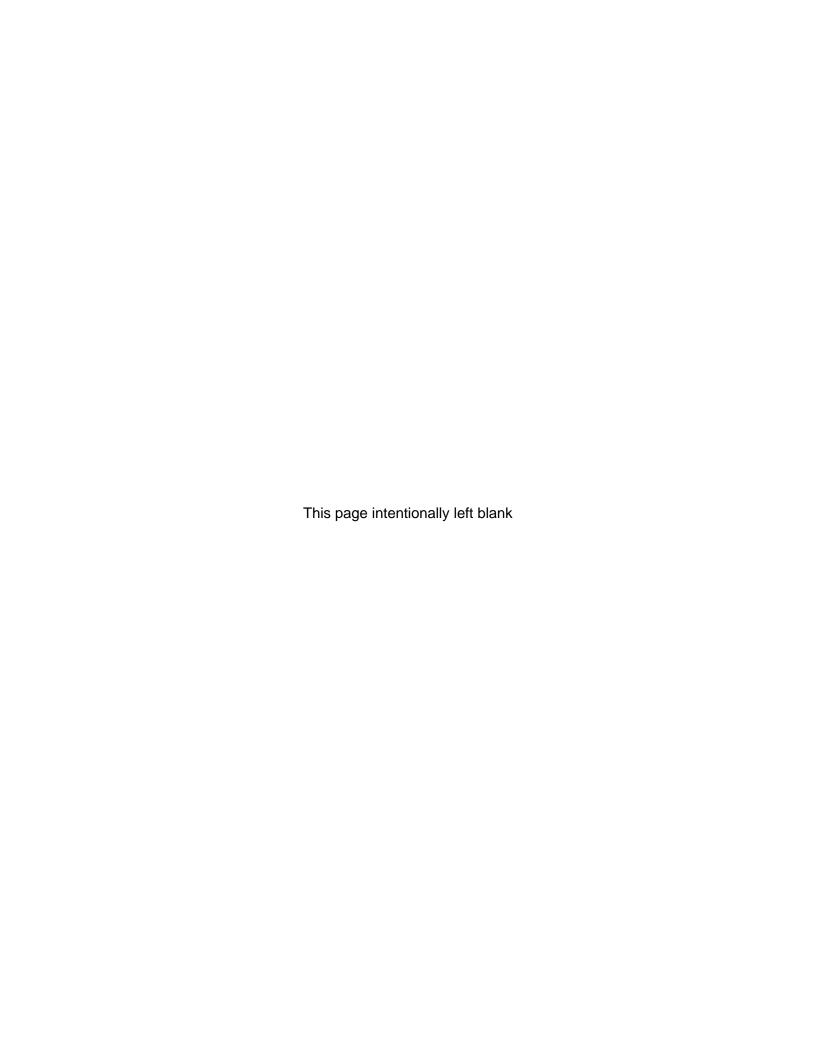
Based on available economic data, trends for the local economy have continued to show strength. The local unemployment rate was 3.3% at June 30, 2002, which is higher than the 1.6% at June 30, 2001. The local unemployment rate compares favorably to the state and national rate of 4.3% and 6.0% respectively. The County's favorable employment conditions are supported by the continued growth of jobs over the last six years. According to the Virginia Employment Commission, the number of persons employed has increased from 14,934 in 1994 to 16,171 in 1999 to 17,419 in 2002. In summary, local business indicators are continuing to indicate a good local economy.

Real estate tax assessments increased \$80,162,800 and personal property tax assessments increased \$67,796,970 in the calendar year 2002 in comparison to the 2001 calendar year. The Board of Supervisors increased the real estate tax rate from \$.88 to \$.92 in fiscal year 2003. As a result of the increased assessments and the real estate tax rate increase the original tax levy increased \$2,876,054. Personal property tax rates remained the same.

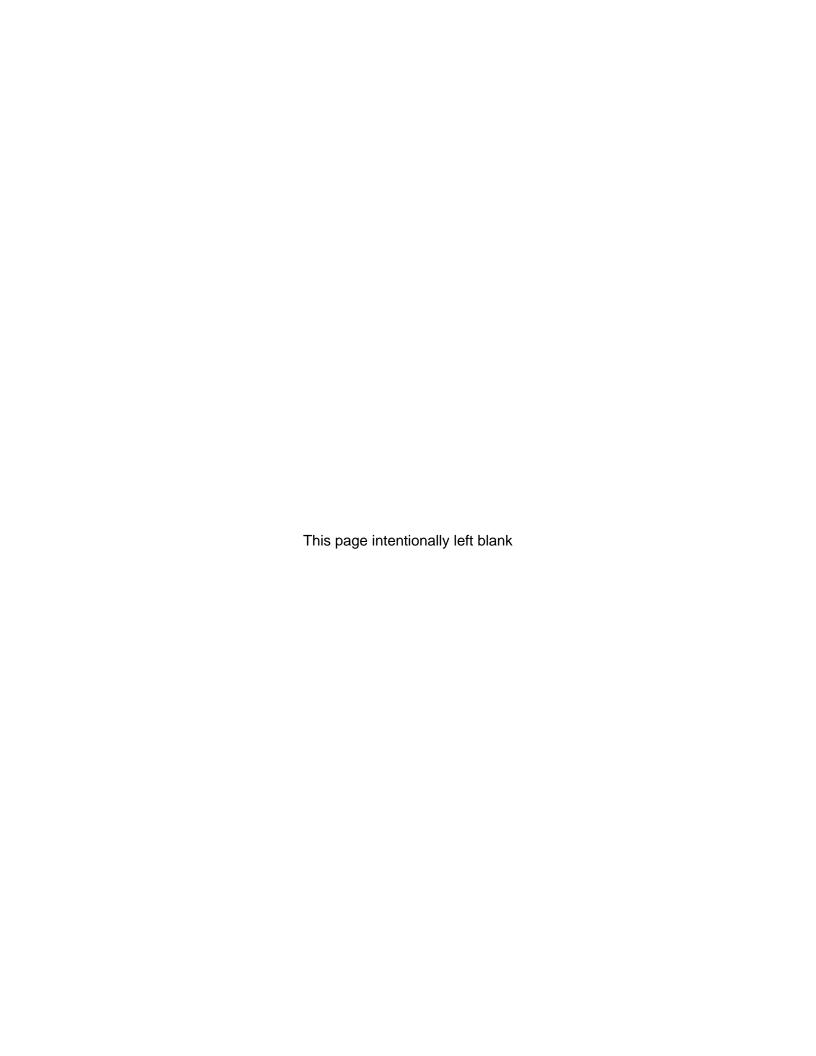
General fund revenue budget increased \$1,397,432 while the expenditure budget increased \$2,134,349. The general fund balance used to balance the budget increased from \$786,400 in FY 2002 to \$1,523,317 in FY 2003.

Requests for Information

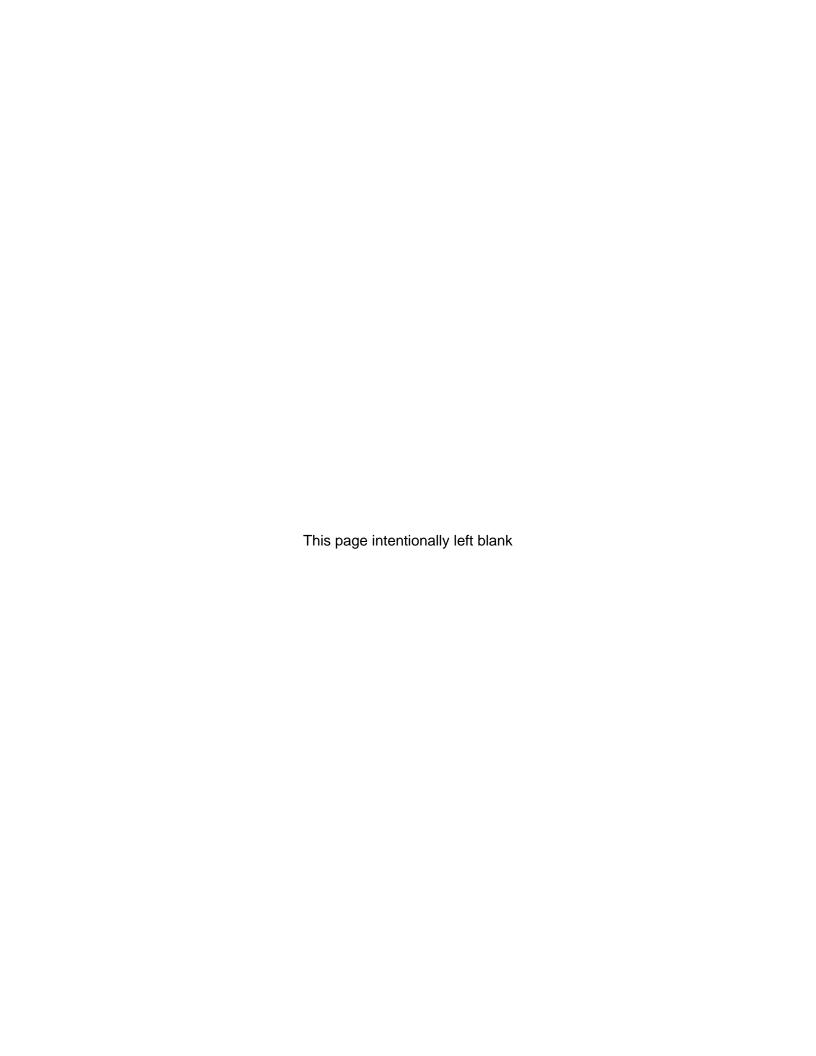
This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 302 N. Main Street, Culpeper, Virginia 22701.











	Primary Government						Component Unit	
	_	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	_	School Board
ASSETS								
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	22,145,827	\$	1,698,469	\$	23,844,296	\$	5,939,988
Property taxes Accounts receivable		759,539 376,880		- 101,238		759,539 478,118		- 11,766
Inventory		-		23,114		23,114		-
Due from primary government Due from other governments	_	- 1,632,847		-		- 1,632,847		2,269,007 1,069,240
Total Current Assets	\$_	24,915,093	\$	1,822,821	\$	26,737,914	\$_	9,290,001
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets:								
Land	\$	2,527,138	\$	1,216,159	\$	3,743,297	\$	1,266,068
Buildings and equipment, net of depreciation		33,530,175		9,100,713		42,630,888		5,924,084
Construction in progress Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	1,668,843 37,726,156	Ф	10,316,872	¢	1,668,843 48,043,028	_	7,190,152
Total Noncurrent Assets	Φ_	37,720,130	Φ.	10,310,672	Ф	40,043,020	₽ _	7,190,152
Total Assets	\$	62,641,249	\$	12,139,693	\$	74,780,942	\$ _	16,480,153
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities	_		•				•	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to component unit	\$	246,678 2,269,007	\$	25,916	\$	272,594 § 2,269,007	₽	3,945,088
Accrued interest payable		663,458		-		663,458		-
Current portion of long-term obligations		2,096,413		138,547		2,234,960		39,159
Total Current Liabilities	\$	5,275,556	\$	164,463	\$	5,440,019	\$	3,984,247
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	-	32,814,755		3,059,762		35,874,517	_	352,433
Total Liabilities	\$_	38,090,311	\$	3,224,225	\$	41,314,536	\$_	4,336,680
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	7,329,859	\$	7,781,918	\$	15,111,777	\$	7,190,152
Construction		4,129,387		-		4,129,387		4,833,595
E-911 and other purposes		974,489		- 4 400 550		974,489		-
Unrestricted assets	-	12,117,203		1,133,550		13,250,753	-	119,726
Total Net Assets	\$_	24,550,938	\$	8,915,468	\$	33,466,406	\$_	12,143,473
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$_	62,641,249	\$	12,139,693	\$	74,780,942	\$_	16,480,153

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2002

					Р	rogram Revenue	es	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	. <u>-</u>	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	2,021,301	\$	-	\$	316,878	\$	-
Judicial administration		1,589,341		75,230		610,274		-
Public safety		6,248,448		678,283		2,972,100		-
Public works		415,475		15,166		-		-
Health and welfare		7,196,456		659,403		5,046,627		-
Education		5,594,190		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,048,520		66,474		138,661		-
Community development		818,280		71,460		5,000		-
Capital outlays		300,424		-		-		2,630,620
Nondepartmental		70,825		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	1,027,750	_	-		-		
Total government activities	\$	26,331,010	\$	1,566,016	\$	9,089,540	\$	2,630,620
Business-type activities:								
Landfill	\$	1,845,751	\$	1,222,639	\$	-	\$	-
Water and sewer		151,347		43,460		-		-
Airport		606,666		499,981		-		1,933,446
Total business-type activities	\$	2,603,764	\$	1,766,080	\$	-	\$	1,933,446
Total primary government	\$_	28,934,774	\$	3,332,096	\$	9,089,540	\$	4,564,066
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	\$_	40,951,911	\$	1,188,258	\$	22,739,281	\$	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

County contribution to the school board

Transfers

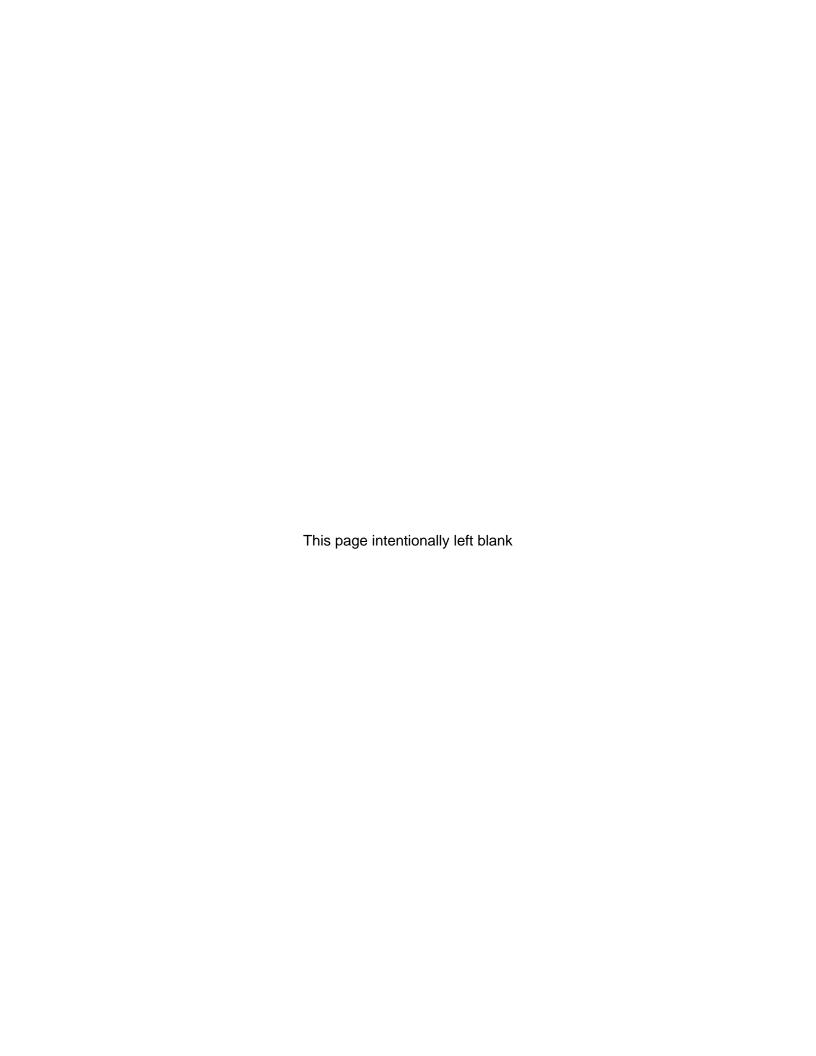
Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

	Net (Exp	en	se) Revenue a	nd	Changes in N	let	Assets
			_				Component
	Prima	ry	Government				Unit
			Business				
	Governmental		Type				School
	Activities		Activities	_	Total		Board
\$	(1,704,423)	\$	-	\$	(1,704,423)	\$	-
	(903,837)		-		(903,837)		-
	(2,598,065)		-		(2,598,065)		-
	(400,309)		-		(400,309)		-
	(1,490,426)		-		(1,490,426)		-
	(5,594,190)		-		(5,594,190)		-
	(843,385)		-		(843,385)		-
	(741,820)		-		(741,820)		-
	2,330,196		-		2,330,196		-
	(70,825)		-		(70,825)		-
	(1,027,750)		-	_	(1,027,750)		-
\$	(13,044,834)	\$	-	\$_	(13,044,834)	\$	-
\$	-	\$	(623,112)	\$	(623,112)		-
	-		(107,887)		(107,887)		-
	-		1,826,761		1,826,761		-
\$	-	\$	1,095,762	\$_	1,095,762		-
\$	(13,044,834)	\$	1,095,762	\$_	(11,949,072)	\$	
\$	-	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	(17,024,372)
				_			
\$	22,684,654	\$	_	\$	22,684,654	\$	_
*	6,261,152	*	-	*	6,261,152	*	-
	551,748		101,266		653,014		319,086
	514,260		-		514,260		1,004,548
	2,803,975		-		2,803,975		-
	-		-		-,:55,5.0		5,051,012
_	(731,622)		731,622		-		-
\$	32,084,167	\$	832,888	\$_	32,917,055	\$	6,374,646
\$	19,039,333	\$	1,928,650	\$	20,967,983	\$	(10,649,726)
	5,511,605	٠, ٠	6,986,818		12,498,423		22,793,199
\$	24,550,938	\$	8,915,468	\$_	33,466,406	\$	12,143,473





Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds At June 30, 2002

		Governmenta		
		General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	_	<u> </u>	110,000	<u> Tunus</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$	19,925,475 \$	2,220,352	\$ 22,145,827
Taxes, including penalties Accounts		759,539	- 9.700	759,539
Due from other governmental units	_	368,180 1,632,847	8,700 -	376,880 1,632,847
Total assets	\$ <u>_</u>	22,686,041 \$	2,229,052	\$ 24,915,093
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	120,568 \$	99,665	\$ 220,233
Accrued liabilities		26,445	-	26,445
Due to component unit Deferred revenue		2,269,007 654,340	-	2,269,007 654,340
	_	<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	\$_	3,070,360 \$	99,665	\$ 3,170,025
FUND BALANCES				
Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditures	\$	974,489 \$		\$ 974,489
Designated for capital projects	Ψ	2,000,000	2,129,387	4,129,387
Unreserved	_	16,641,192	-	16,641,192
Total fund balances	\$	19,615,681 \$	2,129,387	\$ 21,745,068
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	22,686,041 \$	2,229,052	
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to gove	rnment-	wide statement of	net assets:	
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be us				
governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of n				
assets among the assets of the locality as a whole.	101 43301	is includes those c	αριταί	37,726,156
Adjustment for amounts due to / due from primary government				
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, b	ut rathe	r is recognized as	an	
expenditure when due.				(663,458)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing	•			
available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not				654,340
Long-term liabilities applicable to the locality's governmental activi-				
current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. long-termare reported in the statement of net assets.	All liabil	itiesboth current	and	(34,911,168)
Net assets of General Government Activities			;	\$ <u>24,550,938</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2002

		Governmen	i n			
		General	<u> </u>	Capital Projects	. <u>-</u>	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental:	\$	22,575,874 6,261,152 712,117 41,576 551,748 812,323 514,260 440,647	\$	- - - - 6,710 - 100,000	\$	22,575,874 6,261,152 712,117 41,576 558,458 812,323 614,260 440,647
School Board Contribution to County Commonwealth Federal	_	492,125 8,542,931 3,350,584		- 70,080 719,288	· -	492,125 8,613,011 4,069,872
Total revenues	\$	44,295,337	\$	896,078	\$	45,191,415
Expenditures: Current: General government administration Judicial administration	\$	2,027,756 1,542,471	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,027,756 1,542,471
Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Capital projects Debt service:		6,982,854 778,230 7,677,139 16,340,189 897,627 799,450		- - - - - - 2,324,154		6,982,854 778,230 7,677,139 16,340,189 897,627 799,450 2,324,154
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Nondepartmental		1,518,820 1,523,903 70,825		- - -	_	1,518,820 1,523,903 70,825
Total expenditures	\$	40,159,264	\$	2,324,154	\$	42,483,418
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	4,136,073	\$	(1,428,076)	\$_	2,707,997
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from indebtedness Payment of temporary loan Literary fund subsidy Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$	13,025,026 (15,000,000) 1,734,542 289,021 (786,400)		- - 3,132,902 (3,367,145)	\$	13,025,026 (15,000,000) 1,734,542 3,421,923 (4,153,545)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(737,811)	\$	(234,243)	\$	(972,054)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues & other sources over expenditures & other uses	\$	3,398,262	\$	(1,662,319)	\$	1,735,943
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated		16,217,419		3,791,706	_	20,009,125
Fund balances at end of year	\$	19,615,681	\$	2,129,387	\$	21,745,068

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities- Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

	_	Primary Government
	_	Governmental Activities
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,735,943
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		15,033,382
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		654,340
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		1,518,820
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of <u>current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in</u> governmental funds.	_	96,848
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	19,039,333

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2002

		Landfill Fund		Water & Sewer Fund		Airport Fund	_	Totals
ASSETS Current Assets							_	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,555,565	\$	82,506	\$	60,398	\$	1,698,469
Accounts receivable Inventory	-	95,278 -		-		5,960 23,114	. <u>-</u>	101,238 23,114
Total Current Assets	\$	1,650,843	\$	82,506	\$	89,472	\$_	1,822,821
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets:								
Land	\$	401,073	\$	235,200	\$	579,886	\$	1,216,159
Buildings and equipment, net of depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	4,752 405,825	\$	1,982,937 2,218,137	\$	7,113,024 7,692,910	\$	9,100,713 10,316,872
Total Notice Total Notice					-		_	
Total Assets	\$	2,056,668	\$	2,300,643	\$	7,782,382	\$	12,139,693
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,075	\$	1,640	\$	18,201	\$	25,916
Current portion of long-term obligations Total Current Liabilities	\$	6,075	\$	1,640	2	138,547 156,748	\$	138,547 164,463
Total Gulletit Liabilities	Ψ	0,073	Ψ	1,040	Ψ	130,740	Ψ	104,403
Noncurrent Liabilities Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		663,355		-	_ ,	2,396,407	. <u>-</u>	3,059,762
Total Liabilities	\$	669,430	\$	1,640	\$	2,553,155	\$_	3,224,225
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	405,825	\$	2,218,137	\$	5,157,956	\$	7,781,918
· ·	Ψ	,	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Unrestricted assets		981,413		80,866		71,271	_	1,133,550
Total Net Assets	\$	1,387,238	\$	2,299,003	\$	5,229,227	\$_	8,915,468
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	2,056,668	\$	2,300,643	\$	7,782,382	\$	12,139,693

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets --Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2002

		Landfill Fund		Water & Sewer Fund		Airport Fund		Totals
Operating revenues:		_			-	_		
Charges for services	\$_	1,222,639	<u> </u>	43,460	\$	499,981	\$_	1,766,080
Total operating revenues	\$_	1,222,639	<u> </u>	43,460	\$	499,981	\$_	1,766,080
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	\$	190,527 \$	5	44,808	\$	109,256	\$	344,591
Fringe benefits		45,466		6,737		22,812		75,015
Contractual services		1,588,221		55,421		54,059		1,697,701
Other charges		20,031		15,372		220,816		256,219
Depreciation	_	1,506	_	29,009	_	59,867		90,382
Total operating expenses	\$_	1,845,751	<u> </u>	151,347	\$	466,810	\$_	2,463,908
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(623,112)	<u> </u>	(107,887)	\$_	33,171	\$_	(697,828)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Interest income	\$	69,812 \$	5	4,071	\$	27,383	\$	101,266
Interest expense		-		-		(139,856)		(139,856)
Federal capital grants		-		-		1,436,025		1,436,025
State capital grants	_	-	_	-		497,421	_	497,421
Total nonoperating revenues	\$_	69,812	<u> </u>	4,071	\$	1,820,973	\$_	1,894,856
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(553,300) \$	5	(103,816)	\$	1,854,144	\$	1,197,028
Transfers in		-		578,709		2,499,416		3,078,125
Transfers out		(413,057)		-		(1,933,446)		(2,346,503)
Change in net assets	\$	(966,357)	5	474,893	\$	2,420,114	\$	1,928,650
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated	_	2,353,595		1,824,110		2,809,113	_	6,986,818
Net assets at end of year	\$_	1,387,238	<u> </u>	2,299,003	\$	5,229,227	\$_	8,915,468

Statement of Cash Flows --Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2002

		1 1011		Water	A.S	
		Landfill Fund		& Sewer Fund	Airport Fund	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	-					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,223,284	\$	43,460 \$	512,009 \$	1,778,753
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(1,704,721)		(83,726)	(272,340)	(2,060,787)
Payments to employees		(235,993)		(51,545)	(132,068)	(419,606)
, , ,	-		_		, ,	, , ,
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	(717,430)	\$_	(91,811) \$	107,601 \$	(701,640)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchases of capital assets	\$	-	\$	(580,904) \$	(2,499,416) \$	(3,080,320)
State and federal grants		-		-	1,933,446	1,933,446
Transfers out		-		-	(1,933,446)	(1,933,446)
Interest expense		-		-	(139,856)	(139,856)
Transfers in		-		578,709	2,499,416	3,078,125
Retirement of bonds	-	-			(125,205)	(125,205)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$_	-	\$_	(2,195) \$_	(265,061) \$	(267,256)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Operating transfers out	\$_	(413,057)	\$_	\$_	\$	(413,057)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest income	\$_	69,812	\$_	4,071 \$	27,383 \$	101,266
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,060,675)	\$	(89,935) \$	(130,077) \$	(1,280,687)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	2,616,240		172,441	190,475	2,979,156
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,555,565	\$_	82,506 \$	60,398 \$	1,698,469
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities:	Φ.	(740 504)	Φ	(407.007) (00.474	(704.007)
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(719,581)	Φ_	(107,887) \$	33,171 \$	(794,297)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by						
operations:						
Depreciation	\$	1,506	\$	29,009 \$	59,867	90,382
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	Ψ	.,000	4	_υ,υυυ φ	55,551	55,552
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(14,864)		_	12,068	(2,796)
Decrease in inventory		(1 -1,00-1)		_	1,228	1,228
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		5,685		(12,933)	1,267	(5,981)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in long-term obligations		9,824		(12,333)		9,824
Total adjustments	\$	2,151	Ф_	16,076 \$	74,430 \$	92,657
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Φ. \$	(717,430)	_	(91,811) \$	107,601 \$	(701,640)
The cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Ψ.	(111, 4 30)	Ψ	(31,011) Þ	101,001 φ	(101,040)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets --Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2002

	 Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,184
Total assets	\$ 30,184
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for inmates Amounts held for social service clients	\$ 9,451 20,733
Total liabilities	\$ 30,184

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Culpeper, Virginia was formed in 1749 and it is governed by an elected seven member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities, cultural events, education, social services.

The financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. This statement, known as the "Reporting Model" statement, affects the way the County prepares and presents financial information.

GASB Statement No. 34 establishes new requirements and a new reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its components units. For the most part, effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The new government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many government's revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the new reporting model governments will continue to provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports. An important change, however, is a requirement to add the government's original budget to the current comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organizations governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Culpeper, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosures</u>

Blended Component Units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

The Piedmont Regional Control Board is considered a joint venture. The County School Boards for the localities of Culpeper, Orange, Madison & Rappahannock participate in supporting the Piedmont Regional Control Board for local residents. The Center provides vocational training to secondary and adult students. The Piedmont Regional Control Board is governed by an eight member board of trustees of which two are appointed by each of the participating localities. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding.

Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the County Administrative Offices located at 302 N. Main Street, Culpeper, Virginia 22701.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Planning District Commission

The Commission was created by resolution pursuant to state statue and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the county's financial statements. The County appoints two of the 17 board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statue and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the county's financial statements. The County appoints two of the 14 board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provided have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflect both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licences, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for government-wide reporting purposes.

b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund (Capital Improvements) accounts for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities not being financed by proprietary funds. The capital projects fund is considered a major fund for government-wide reporting purposes.

 Proprietary Funds - account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

3. Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

3. Enterprise Funds (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems as well as the water distribution system.

<u>Landfill Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the County's landfill.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities occurring at the County's Airport.

4. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> account for assets held be the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. These funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amount within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statues authorize the County government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments consist of assets held by a trustee.

G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$406,934 at June 30, 2002 is composed solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Inventory

Inventory is reported at cost.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest attributable to capitalized assets as of June 30, 2002 was \$492,125.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5
Office and computer equipment	5
Buses	12

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

M. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current services costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension costs as it accrues.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2—Cash and Cash Equivalents:

<u>Deposits</u> - All cash of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia (a multiple financial institution collateral pool) or covered by federal depository insurance. Under the act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral in the amounts of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and Loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. Deposits covered by the Act are considered insured since the Treasury Board is authorized to make additional assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 2—Cash and Cash Equivalents:

<u>Investments</u> - Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank) and Asian Development Bank, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the state Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The County's investment in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The County's and its component unit—School Board's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the County or its safekeeping agent in the County's name. Category 2 includes uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or safekeeping agent in the County's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or safekeeping agent but not in the County's name.

The County's investments in the LGIP are authorized by the Code of Virginia and is managed under the direction of the State Treasurer.

	<u> </u>	Category 2	3	Carrying Amount	Fair <u>Value</u>
Primary Government: Repurchase Agreements U.S. Government Securities Commercial Paper Corporate bonds Total	\$ - \$ 1,025,654 2,139,296 1,964,193 \$ 5,129,143 \$	- - - -	\$ 2,952,595 = - - - - \$ <u>2,952,595</u> =	\$ 2,952,595 937,278 2,175,279 2,046,189 \$ 8,111,341	937,278 2,175,279 2,046,189
Investment in State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Virginia state Non-arbitrage Program Total investments Deposits Petty cash Total)			14,409,051 314,210 \$22,834,602 1,034,228 5,650 \$23,874,480	14,409,051 314,210 \$ <u>22,834,602</u>
Reconciliation to statement of net ass	sets:				
Total per Exhibit 1 Total per Exhibit 9			;	\$ 23,844,296 30,184	
Total			;	\$ <u>23,874,480</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 2—Cash and Cash Equivalents: (Continued)

The fair value in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares at June 30, 2002.

_	Category			Carrying	Fair	
	<u>1</u>	2	3	Amount	Value	
Component Unit-School Board:						
Repurchase Agreements \$	-	_ \$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>438,285</u> \$	438,285 \$	438,285	
Investment in State Treasurer's Local						
Virginia State Non-arbitrage Program				6,437,183	6,437,183	
Total investments			\$	6,875,468 \$	6,875,468	
Deposits				(935,480)		
Total			\$	5,939,988		

Due to significantly higher cash flows at certain times during the year, the County's investment in overnight repurchase agreements for which the underlying securities were held by the dealer increased significantly. As a result, the amounts that were in Category 3 at those times were significantly higher than at year-end.

Note 3—Due from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2002 the County and School Board had receivables from other governments as follows:

	_	Primary Government	_	Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Criminal justice services	\$	6,597	\$	-
Shared expenses		241,660		-
State sales taxes		-		725,602
Local sales taxes		711,990		-
Public assistance		53,048		-
Comprehensive services		195,729		-
Federal Government:				
School funds		-		331,669
Public assistance		399,969		-
School food		-		11,969
Criminal justice grants	_	23,854	_	<u>-</u>
Totals	\$_	1,632,847	\$_	1,069,240

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 4—Due To/From Primary Government/Component Units:

Fund		Due from Primary Government	_	Due to Component Unit			
General School	\$	- 2,269,007	\$	2,269,007			
Totals	\$.	2,269,007	\$_	2,269,007			

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002:

		Balance July 1, 2001 Additions		Deletions	<u>J</u>	Balance une 30, 2002
Primary Government:						
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets Construction in progress	\$	2,383,038 5,923,467 2,244,351 - 78,121		\$ - - - 1,485,533 -	\$	2,527,138 7,237,635 2,735,217 30,373,229 1,668,843
Totals	\$	10,628,977	\$35,398,618	\$ 1,485,533	\$	44,542,062
Accumulated depreciation	_	6,023,712	1,027,881	235,687		6,815,906
Net Capital assets primary government	\$ <u>_</u>	4,605,265	\$ <u>34,370,737</u>	\$ <u>1,249,846</u>	\$_	37,726,156
Component Unit School Board:						
Land and land improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owed assets	\$	1,266,068 31,847,479 6,358,317	\$ - 708,664 347,696 _1,485,533	\$ - 19,337,355 - -	\$	1,266,068 13,218,788 6,706,013 1,485,533
Totals	\$	39,471,864	\$ 2,541,893	\$ 19,337,355	\$	22,676,402
Accumulated depreciation	_	14,554,693	931,557			15,486,250
Net Capital assets component unit school board	\$_	24,917,171	\$ <u>1,610,336</u>	\$ <u>19,337,355</u>	\$_	7,190,152

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

New legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has change the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Culpeper, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2002, is that assets and debt in the amount of \$30,373,229 have been transferred to the Primary Government from the Component Unit School Board for financial reporting purposes.

The gross cost and accumulated depreciation balances at June 30, 2001 were restated to record accumulated depreciation in accordance with adoption of GASB Statement No. 34. The gross cost balances at June 30, 2001 were also restated to reflect and increase in the County's capitalization threshold from \$1,000 to \$5,000. Balances as of June 30, 2001 were restated as follows:

	<u>J</u> 1	Balance June 30, 2001 Restatement				Restated Balance June 30, 2001
Primary Government:						
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment Construction in progress	\$	3,729,111 11,545,337 3,033,417	\$	(1,346,073) (5,621,870) (789,066) 78,121	\$	2,383,038 5,923,467 2,244,351 78,121
Totals	\$	18,307,865	\$	(7,678,888)	\$	10,628,977
Accumulated depreciation			_	6,023,712	-	6,023,712
Net Capital assets primary government	\$	18,307,865	\$_	(1,655,176)	\$	16,652,689
Component Unit School Board:						
Land and land improvements Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$	2,557,371 28,973,682 9,972,026	\$	(1,291,303) 2,873,797 (3,613,709)	\$	1,266,068 31,847,479 6,358,317
Totals	\$	41,503,079	\$	(2,031,215)	\$	39,471,864
Accumulated depreciation			_	(14,554,693)	-	(14,554,693)
Net Capital assets component unit school board	\$	41,503,079	\$_	(16,585,908)	\$	24,917,171

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Enterprise Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in enterprise capital assets during the year:

Water and Sewer Fund:	<u>.</u>	Balance July 1, 2001	=	Additions	1	Deletions	•	Balance June 30, 2002
Land Sewer plant Construction in Progress	\$	235,200 1,160,353 459,247	\$	1,040,151	\$	- - 459,247	\$	235,200 2,200,504 -
Total Water and Sewer Fund Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ _ \$_	1,854,800 (188,558) 1,666,242	\$ \$	1,040,151 (29,009) 1,011,142	_	459,247 - 459,247		2,435,704 (217,567) 2,218,137
Landfill Fund:	_		-				•	
Land Equipment Total Landfill Fund	\$_	401,073 52,729 453,802	\$	- - -	\$_	- -	\$	401,073 52,729 453,802
Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ <u></u>	(46,471) 407,331	\$	(1,506) (1,506)	\$_	-	\$	(47,977) 405,825
Airport Fund:								
Land Buildings and Runways Equipment Total Airport Fund	\$	579,886 4,788,159 34,736 5,402,781	\$	2,499,416 2,499,416	\$ _	- - -	\$	579,886 7,287,575 34,736 7,902,197
Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ <u></u>	(149,420) 5,253,361	\$	(59,867) 2,439,549	\$_	- -	\$	(209,287) 7,692,910
Total enterprise funds	\$_	7,326,934	\$	3,449,185	\$ <u>_</u>	459,247	\$	10,316,872

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation and cultural Community development	\$	29,169 34,444 173,562 67,236 19,143 525,562 163,827 14,938
Total	\$ <u></u>	1,027,881
Component Unit School Board	\$ <u></u>	695,870

Note 6—Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$654,340 is comprised of the following:

A. <u>Deferred Property Tax Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$654,340 at June 30, 2002

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002:

	Amounts Payable July 1, 2001 (1)	Increases	Decreases	Amounts Payable June 30, 2002	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Funds:					
Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Notes payable	\$ 753,864 \$ 22,507,985	86,748 13,025,026 - -	\$ - 1,485,533 33,287 <u>15,000,000</u>	\$ 840,612 \$ 34,047,488	23,542 2,049,803 23,068
Total	\$ <u>38,318,184</u> \$	S <u>13,111,774</u>	\$ <u>16,518,820</u>	\$ <u>34,911,168</u> \$	2,096,413
Enterprise Funds:					
Compensated absences payable Airport revenue bonds Landfill closure and post-closure costs	\$ 18,085 \$ 2,650,492	7,637 - 	\$ - 131,436 <u>96,469</u>	, ,	5 - 138,547
Total enterprise funds	\$ <u>3,418,577</u> \$	5 7,637	\$ 227,905	\$ <u>3,198,309</u> \$	138,547

(1) Note: Section 15.2-1800.1, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, was enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, which affected the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. All debt used to finance school capital assets historically reported by the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, has been assumed by the Primary Government as a result of this legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue	Bonds	Capital Lease		_	tion Bonds		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest
						•		
2003	\$ 138,547 \$	132,533	\$ 23,068	\$	405	\$	2,049,803 \$	1,895,882
2004	146,042	124,835	-		-		2,047,422	1,690,234
2005	153,943	116,720	-		-		2,114,894	1,575,452
2006	162,272	108,167	-		-		2,104,048	1,457,122
2007	171,051	99,151	-		-		2,098,431	1,339,044
2008	180,304	89,647	-		-		2,148,054	1,221,599
2009	190,059	79,628	-		-		2,176,838	1,099,485
2010	200,341	69,067	-		-		2,166,845	976,196
2011	211,180	57,961	-		-		1,641,635	872,750
2012	222,604	46,202	-		-		1,596,928	787,577
2013	234,647	33,833	-		-		1,496,230	709,350
2014	247,342	20,796	-		-		1,531,700	631,153
2015	260,724	7,053	-		-		1,567,716	550,596
2016	-	-	-		-		1,604,310	464,797
2017	-	-	-		-		1,646,512	376,891
2018	-	-	-		-		1,259,352	298,299
2019	-	-	-		-		1,302,862	228,687
2020	-	-	-		-		1,352,082	156,569
2021	-	-					1,399,506	89,143
2022	<u> </u>		_		-	_	742,320	18,929
Totals	\$ 2,519,056 \$	985,593	\$ 23,068	\$	405	\$	34,047,488 \$	16,439,755

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are met by the General Fund. The County retains the liability for the portion of general obligation bonds issued to fund capital projects of the School Board.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:	(Continued)
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Details of long-term obligations are as follows:	Amount Outstanding	Due Within One Year
General Fund:	<u></u>	
Capital lease obligation:		
\$157,377 lease obligation for telephone system issued February 15, 1998, payable in 60 monthly installments of \$2,934 beginning March 15, 1998 through February 15, 2003, interest at 4.66%	\$ 23,068 \$	23,068
School General Obligation Bonds:		
\$13,025,026 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds Series 2001B, issued November 15, 2001, maturing annually through July 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at 4.57%	\$ 13,025,026 \$	592,736
\$12,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1994SA, issued April 1, 1994, to refund 1989B and 1990A maturing annually through December 15, 2009, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 7.000% to 7.225%	4,640,000	595,000
\$1,500,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1991A, issued May 1, 1991, maturing annually through December 15, 2010, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 6.1% to 8.1%	670,000	65,000
\$2,069,507 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1991B, issued July 1, 1991, maturing annually through July 15, 2011, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.85% to 6.60%	1,117,462	102,067
\$2,675,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1996A, issued May 1, 1996, maturing annually through January 15, 2017, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 6.1%	2,025,000	135,000
\$6,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1996B, issued November 14, 1996, maturing annually through July 15, 2016, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 5.1% to 5.255%	4,500,000	300,000
\$8,325,000 Series 2000, issued August 10, 2000, maturing in various annual installments through January 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at 5.33%	8,070,000	260,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ <u>34,047,488</u> \$	2,049,803
Compensated absences	\$ <u>840,612</u> \$	23,542
Total long-term obligations	\$ <u>34,911,168</u> \$	2,096,413

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government: (Continued)

	<u>0</u>	Amount utstanding	_	Due Within One Year
Enterprise Funds:				
Airport Revenue Bond:				
\$2,835,000 revenue bonds series 1999 issued December 15, 1999, payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$131,436 to \$260,723 through July 15, 2014, interest payable semiannually at 5.41%	\$	2,519,056	\$	138,547
Compensated absences		25,722		-
Landfill postclosure costs		653,531	_	
Total enterprise obligations	\$_	3,198,309	\$_	138,547

Component Unit School Board:

The following is summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ending June 30, 2002.

	_	Amounts Payable July 1, 2001		Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Amounts Payable June 30, 2002		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences payable	\$_	90,932	\$	300,660	\$ 	\$ 391,592	\$_	39,159	
Total	\$_	90,932	\$	300,660	\$ 	\$ 391,592	\$	39,159	

⁽¹⁾ Note: Section 15.2-1800.1, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, was enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, which affected the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. All debt historically reported by the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, has been assumed by the Primary Government as a result of this legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 8—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

The County owns a landfill site and began collecting tipping fees based upon the source of the waste as of July 1, 1994. The County maintains a contract with an independent contractor for operations of the landfill; however, the County is responsible for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

State and federal laws and regulations require the county to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$653,531 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2002, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County has closed the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2002. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the County Landfill Fund.

Note 9—Commitments and Contingencies:

At June 30, 2002, the County has several major projects under construction which are summarized below as, contract amounts, expenses to date, and balances of contracts remaining.

Project		Contract Amounts	_	Expenses to Date	-	Balance of Contracts
Primary Government: Animal Shelter Taxiway construction T-Hangars and Maintenance Hangars	\$	785,045 1,390,327 1,356,959	\$	728,376 1,370,082 164,468	\$	56,669 20,245 1,192,491
Total	\$_	3,532,331	\$_	2,262,926	\$_	1,269,405
Component Unit-School Board: BINNS CCHS	\$	16,097,756 4,953,769	\$	13,787,248 4,303,835	\$	2,310,508 649,934
Total	\$_	21,051,525	\$_	18,091,083	\$_	2,960,442

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 9—Commitments and Contingencies:

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10—Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service (age 60 for participating law enforcement officers and firefighters) and at age 50 with 30 years of service for participating employees (age 50 with 25 years for participating law enforcement officers and firefighters) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living increases beginning in their second year of retirement. AFS is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of salary. Participating law enforcement officers and firefighters may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be obtained by writing to the System at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. This 5% member contribution may be and has been assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2002 were 5.00% and 1.00% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contribution for professional employees were \$843,686, \$1,621,260 and \$1,776,970 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001 and 2000 respectively and these contributions represented 4.24%, 7.54% and 8.49% respectively, of current covered payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 10—Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal 2002, the County's annual pension cost of \$397,074 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contributions were determined as part of the June 30, 2001 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

In fiscal 2002, the School Board's annual pension cost for the non-professional employees was \$16,753 which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions. The required contributions were determined as a part of the June 30, 2001 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

	County	Non-Professional School Board			
Valuation date	June 30, 2001	June 30, 2001			
Actuarial Cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal			
Amortization method	Level percent, open	Level percent, open			
Payroll growth rate	3%	3%			
Remaining amortization period	13 Years	25 Years			
Asset valuation method	Modified market	Modified market			
Actuarial assumptions:					
Investments rate of return ¹	8%	8%			
Projected salary increases ¹					
Non LEO Employees	4.25% to 6.10%	4.25% to 6.10%			
LEO Employees	4.50% to 5.75%	4.50% to 5.75%			
Cost-of-living adjustments	3%	3%			
¹ Include inflation at 3%					

Trend information for the County and School Board:

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Annual nsion Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
County:					
June 30, 2002	\$	397,074	100%	\$ -	
June 30, 2001		764,756	100%	-	
June 30, 2000		494,536	100%	-	
School Board:					
Non-professional:					
June 30, 2002	\$	16,753	100%	\$ -	
June 30, 2001		18,094	100%	-	
June 30, 2000		124,652	100%	-	
(1) Employer portion only					

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 10—Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

Valuation Date County:	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) (6)
06/30/01	\$ 16,346,485	13,039,792	(1,839,862)	112.68% \$	\$ 7,098,431	(25.92%)
06/30/00	14,443,143		(1,430,351)	110.76%	6,755,592	(20.77%)
06/30/99	12,122,655		(137,441)	101.1%	6,130,554	(2.2%)
School Boa	ard—Non-Profe	essional:				
06/30/01	\$ 4,714,930	3,211,819	(1,138,500)	131.83% \$	\$ 1,670,389	(68.16%)
06/30/00	4,233,834		(1,022,015)	131.82%	1,484,951	(68.82%)
06/30/99	3,645,818		(493,894)	115.7%	1,480,925	(33.4%)

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 12—Segment Information:

The government maintains three enterprise funds. The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of basic utility services to industrial customers. The Landfill Fund accounts for the operations of the County landfill providing services to all citizens. The Airport Fund accounts for all services provided at the County Airport. Selected segment information for the year ended June 30, 2002 is as follows:

	Water							
	_	Landfill	-	and Sewer		Airport		Total
Operating revenues	\$	1,222,639	\$	43,460	\$	499,981	\$	1,766,080
Depreciation		1,506		29,009		59,867		90,382
Operating income or (loss)		(623,112)		(107,887)		33,171		(697,828)
Operating transfers in		-		578,709		2,499,416		3,078,125
Operating transfers out		(413,057)		-		(1,933,446)	((2,346,503)
Net income		(966, 357)		474,893		2,420,114		1,928,650
Net working capital		1,644,768		80,866		(67,276)		1,658,358
Total assets		2,056,668		2,300,643		7,782,730		12,140,041
Landfill closure and postclosure costs		653,531		-		-		653,531
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		2,519,056		2,519,056
Non-operating revenues		69,812		4,071		1,820,973		1,894,856
Total net assets		1,387,238		2,299,003		5,229,227		8,915,468

Note 13—Litigation:

At June 30, 2002, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 14—Expenditures and Appropriations:

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations at June 30, 2002 in any fund or department function. Several supplemental appropriations were required at year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 15—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers to the year ended June 30, 2002, consisted fo the following:

<u>Fund</u>	<u></u> T	ransfers In	_	Transfers Out				
Primary Government:								
General Fund Landfill Fund Water & Sewer Fund County Capital Improvements Fund Airport Fund	\$	289,021 - 578,709 3,132,902 2,499,416	\$	786,400 413,057 - 3,367,145 1,933,446				
Total	\$	6,500,048	\$_	6,500,048				
Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund School Capital Projects Fund	\$	- 329,066	\$_	329,066				
Total	\$ <u></u>	329,066	\$_	329,066				

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 16—Fund Balance Adjustments:

Fund balances at June 30, 2001 were restated as follows:

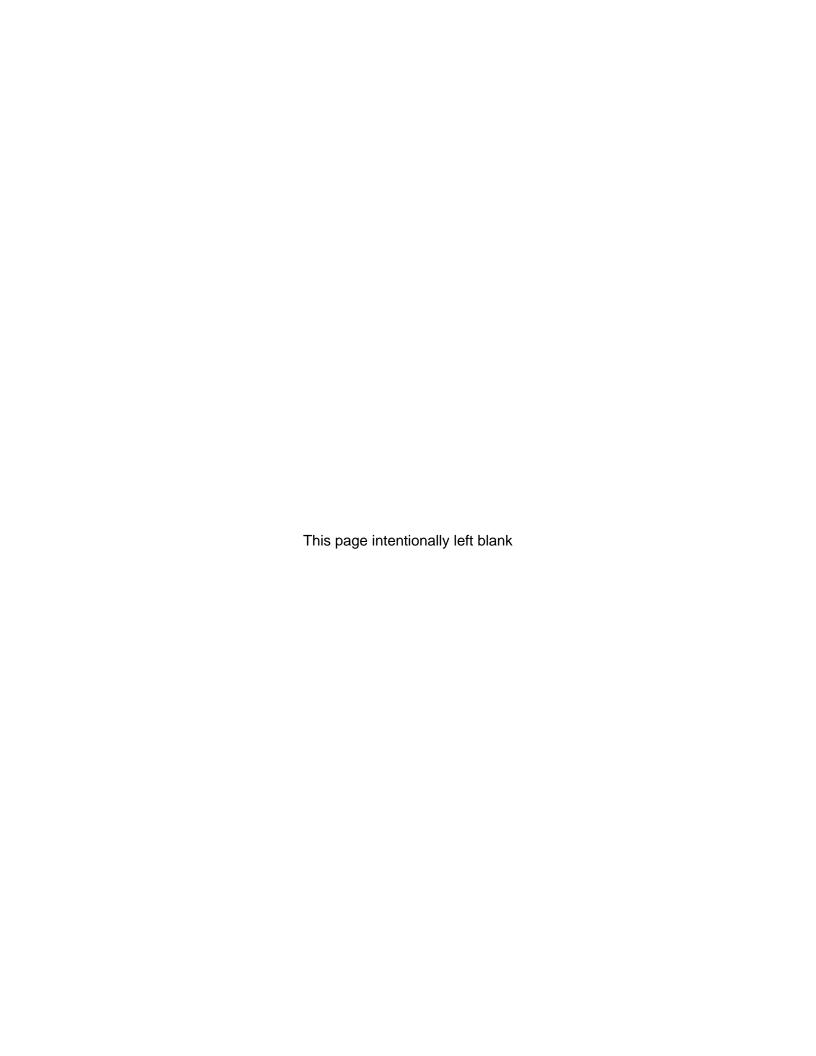
	_	General	_	Special Revenue	_	Enterprise Airport Fund
Balances as previously reported Reclassification of special revenue funds	\$	15,846,530 370,889	\$	586,798 (586,798)	\$	- 215,911
Capital assets net of depreciation		-		-		5,253,361
Long-term debt Accrued leave		-		- -		(2,650,492) (9,667)
Fund balance/net assets, as restated	\$ <u></u>	16,217,419	\$_	_	\$_	2,809,113

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Note 17—Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:	
Patricia Payne, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
W. Stephen Southard, Treasurer	400,000
Terry Yowell, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
H. Lee Hart, Sheriff	30,000
Above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond	50,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety Company - Surety	
Calvin Coleman, Director of the Department of Social Services	100,000
James C. Lee, Supervisor	1,000
William C. Chase, Supervisor	1,000
Steven L. Walker, Supervisor	1,000
Carolyn S. Smith, Supervisor	1,000
John F. Coates, Supervisor	1,000
Sue D. Hansohn, Supervisor	1,000
Bradley C. Rosenberger, Supervisor	1,000







Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual -- General and Capital Projects Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2002

	_	General Fund								
		Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	Φ	24,537,577	Φ	24,537,577	Φ	22,575,874 \$	(1,961,703)			
General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory	\$	5,846,240	\$	5,874,890	Þ	6,261,152	386,262			
licenses		497,517		497,517		712,117	214,600			
Fines and forfeitures		51,000		51,000		41,576	(9,424)			
Revenue from use of money and property		1,033,668		1,033,886		551,748	(482,138)			
Charges for services		776,578		1,028,984		812,323	(216,661)			
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		433,596 44,938		465,726 66,628		514,260 440,647	48,534 374,019			
Intergovernmental:		77,550		00,020		440,047	374,013			
School Board Contribution to County		-		-		492,125	492,125			
Commonwealth		8,616,691		9,237,645		8,542,931	(694,714)			
Federal		140,211	_	1,389,396	_	3,350,584	1,961,188			
Total revenues	\$	41,978,016	\$_	44,183,249	\$_	44,295,337 \$	112,088			
Expenditures: Current:										
General government administration	\$	2,295,506	\$	2,389,662	\$	2,027,756 \$	361,906			
Judicial administration		1,600,853		1,618,409		1,542,471	75,938			
Public safety		7,057,216		7,411,285		6,982,854	428,431			
Public works		742,905		985,595		778,230	207,365			
Health and welfare Education		6,359,300 17,276,399		8,625,841 17,124,029		7,677,139 16,340,189	948,702 783,840			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		992,110		1,035,639		897,627	138,012			
Community development		939,917		963,723		799,450	164,273			
Capital projects		-		-		-	-			
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		2,207,067		2,207,067		1,518,820	688,247			
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,657,072		1,657,072		1,523,903	133,169			
Nondepartmental		151,607	_	53,793	_	70,825	(17,032)			
Total expenditures		41,279,952	_	44,072,115	_	40,159,264 \$	3,912,851			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	698,064	Φ_	111,134	Φ_	4,136,073 \$	4,024,939			
Other financing sources (uses):	•		•		•	40.00F.000 (10.005.000			
Proceeds from indebtedness	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,025,026 \$	13,025,026			
Payment of temporary loan Literary fund subsidy		-		<u>-</u>		(15,000,000) 1,734,542	(15,000,000) 1,734,542			
Operating transfers in		-		289,021		289,021	-			
Operating transfers (out)		(1,238,196)	_	(1,036,815)	_	(786,400)	250,415			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,238,196)	\$_	(747,794)	\$_	(737,811) \$	9,983			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues & other sources over expenditures & other uses	\$	(540,132)	\$	(636,660)	\$	3,398,262 \$	4,034,922			
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated		540,132		636,660		16,217,419	15,580,759			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	19,615,681 \$				

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Capital Projects Fund													
	Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$								
·	-	,	-	Ť	-	•	-							
	- -		- -		-		-							
	-		-		6,710		6,710							
	-		-		-		-							
	390,000		390,000		100,000		(290,000)							
	-		-		-		-							
	-		-		-									
	2,126,800	_	2,511,437 -	-	70,080 719,288		(2,441,357) 719,288							
\$	2,516,800	\$	2,901,437	\$	896,078	\$	(2,005,359)							
•		_												
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>							
	-		-		-		- -							
	-		-		-		-							
	-		-		-		-							
	-		-		-		-							
	-		-		-		-							
	3,303,200		11,569,007 -		2,324,154 -		9,244,853							
	-		-		-		-							
į	- -	_	-		-		<u>-</u>							
\$	3,303,200	\$_	11,569,007	\$	2,324,154	\$	9,244,853							
\$	(786,400)	\$_	(8,667,570)	\$	(1,428,076)	\$	7,239,494							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-							
	-		-		-		-							
į	786,400 -	_	1,199,457 (289,021)		3,132,902 (3,367,145)		1,933,445 (3,078,124)							
\$	786,400	\$_	910,436	\$	(234,243)	\$	(1,144,679)							
\$	-	\$	(7,757,134)	\$	(1,662,319)	\$	6,094,815							
	<u>-</u>		7,757,134		3,791,706		(3,965,428)							
\$	-	\$_				\$	2,129,387							

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets -Agency Funds At June 30, 2002

		Special Welfare Fund		Sheriff Commissory Fund		Totals
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	20,733	\$	9,451	\$_	30,184
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	20,733	\$	9,451	\$_	30,184
Liabilities:			•		_	
Amounts held for inmates Amounts held for social service clients	\$ _	20,733	\$	9,451	\$ 	9,451 20,733
Total liabilities	\$	20,733	\$	9,451	\$_	30,184

Schedule of Capital Assets by Source

At June 30, 2002

	-	Primary Government
Land Building and building improvemens Equipment Joint tenancy Construction in progress	\$ 	2,527,138 7,237,635 2,735,217 30,373,229 1,668,843
Total capital assets	\$ <u></u>	44,542,062
Investment in capital assets from: Proceeds from indebtedness General fund revenues	\$	34,047,488 10,494,574
Total investment in capital assets	\$	44,542,062

Schedule of Capital Assets by Function

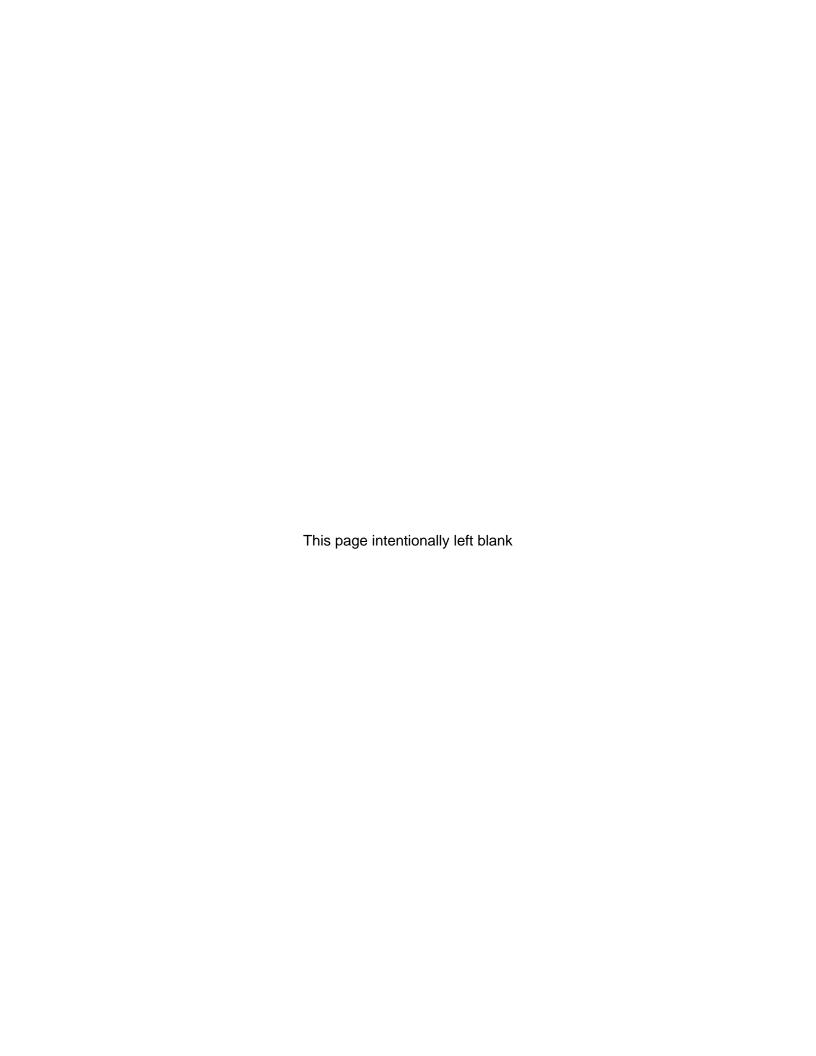
At June 30, 2002

	_	Land	 Building & Building Improve- ments	Equipment	<u>:</u>	Joint Tenancy	_	Cons- truction in Progress	 Total
General Government Administration	\$	-	\$ 100,340	\$ 258,040	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 358,380
Judical Administration		18,700	5,223	234,291		-		-	258,214
Public Safety		636,081	2,269,673	1,279,236		-		1,355,411	5,540,401
Public Works		1,388,757	2,598,628	200,549		-		238,948	4,426,882
Health and Welfare		-	474,178	-		-		-	474,178
Education		-	-	-		30,373,229			30,373,229
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		-	1,779,958	674,015		-		74,484	2,528,457
Community Development	_	483,600	 9,635	 89,086	-		-	-	 582,321
Total general capital assets - Primary Government	\$_	2,527,138	\$ 7,237,635	\$ 2,735,217	\$	30,373,229	\$	1,668,843	\$ 44,542,062

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function

Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Capital Assets July 1, 2001	 Additions	 Deletions	_	Capital Assets June 30, 2002
General Government Administration	\$ 314,915	\$ 43,465	\$ -	\$	358,380
Judical Administration	258,214	-	-		258,214
Public Safety	2,976,462	2,563,939	-		5,540,401
Public Works	3,725,203	701,679	-		4,426,882
Health and Welfare	338,652	135,526	-		474,178
Joint Tenancy Assets	19,337,355	12,521,407	1,485,533		30,373,229
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	2,433,210	95,247	-		2,528,457
Community Development	582,321	 -	 -	_	582,321
Total capital assets - Primary Government	\$ 29,966,332	\$ 16,061,263	\$ 1,485,533	\$	44,542,062





Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board

At June 30, 2002

		C	ove	rnmental Funds	s			
		School Operating Fund	_	School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Projects Fund	_	Totals
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS								
Assets:								
•	\$	106,876	\$	592,535 \$;	5,240,577	\$	5,939,988
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles):						44.700		44.700
Accounts receivable		-		-		11,766		11,766
Due from other governmental units		1,057,271		11,969		-		1,069,240
Due from primary government	_	2,269,007	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		2,269,007
Total assets and other debits	\$_	3,433,154	\$_	604,504	; _	5,252,343	\$_	9,290,001
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable S	\$	295,758	\$	- \$;	418,748	\$	714,506
Accrued liabilities		3,137,396		93,186			_	3,230,582
Total liabilities	\$_	3,433,154	\$_	93,186_\$	·_	418,748	\$	3,945,088
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS Fund Balances Unreserved:								
	\$	-	\$	511,318 \$	•		\$	511,318
Designated for capital projects		-		-		4,833,595		4,833,595
Undesignated	_	-	_	-	_		_	-
Total fund balances	\$_	-	\$_	511,318_\$	<u> </u>	4,833,595	\$_	5,344,913
Total equity and other credits	\$_	-	\$_	511,318 \$;_	4,833,595	\$	5,344,913
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$_	3,433,154	\$_	604,504 \$;_	5,252,343		
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements	to i	government-v	vide	statement of net	ำล	ssets.		
Botaliou explanation of adjustments from fund statements		govonimontv	· iuo		. u	00010.		
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that an governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the ditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of	cos	sts of those as	ssets	s are reported as	s e	xpen-		
among the assets of the locality as a whole.								7,190,152
Long-term liabilities applicable to the locality's governmenta								
current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liab	bili	ties. All liabili	ties-	-both current and	d l	ong-		(204 500)
termare reported in the statement of net assets.							_	(391,592)
Net assets of General Government Activities							\$_	12,143,473

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board Year Ended June 30, 2002

	_	Gov	eri	nmental Fui	nd T	ypes	-	
	_	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Projects Fund		Totals
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental: County contribution to School Board Commonwealth Federal	\$	5,120 15,595 955,268 16,322,573 20,633,474 1,425,658	\$	5,017 1,172,663 49,280 - 28,228 651,921	\$	308,949 - - - - -	\$	319,086 1,188,258 1,004,548 16,322,573 20,661,702 2,077,579
Total revenues	\$	39,357,688	- \$		 \$	308,949	\$	41,573,746
Expenditures: Current: Education Capital projects Contribution to Primary Government	\$	39,032,558 - -	\$	1,745,797 - -	\$	- 12,262,668 492,125	\$	40,778,355 12,262,668 492,125
Total expenditures	\$_	39,032,558	\$_	1,745,797	_\$_	12,754,793	\$_	53,533,148
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	325,130	\$_	161,312	_\$_	(12,445,844)	\$_	(11,959,402)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$_	- (329,066)	\$	- -	\$_	329,066 -	\$	329,066 (329,066)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(329,066)	\$_	-	_\$_	329,066	\$_	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues & other sources over expenditures & other uses	\$	(3,936)	\$	161,312	\$	(12,116,778)	\$	(11,959,402)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	3,936		350,006		16,950,373	. <u>–</u>	17,304,315
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	-	\$_	511,318	\$_	4,833,595	\$	5,344,913

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual -- Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2002

		School Op	erating Fund					
	Budget	Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)	Budget	Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Revenue from use of money and	•	•	5 100	.			A - - - - - - - -	
property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,120		-	\$ -	\$ 5,017	
Charges for services	-	-	15,595	15,595	1,113,383	1,113,383	1,172,663	59,280
Miscellaneous	200,000	200,000	955,268	755,268	26,617	26,617	49,280	22,663
Intergovernmental:								
County contribution to School Board	16,946,413	17,106,413	16,322,573	(783,840)	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth	21,039,488	21,304,713		(671,239)	-	-	28,228	28,228
Federal	1,507,370	1,813,310	1,425,658	(387,652)	660,000	660,000	651,921	(8,079)
Total revenues	\$ 39,693,271	\$ 40,424,436	\$ 39,357,688	\$ (1,066,748) \$	1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,907,109	\$ 107,109
Expenditures: Current:								
Education	\$ 39,364,205	\$ 40,097,921	\$ 39,032,558	\$ 1,065,363 \$	1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,745,797	\$ 54,203
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution to Primary Government			<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	\$ 39,364,205	\$ 40,097,921	\$ 39,032,558	\$ 1,065,363 \$	1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,745,797	\$ 54,203
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 329,066	\$ 326,515	\$ 325,130	\$ (1,385)\$	-	\$ -	\$ 161,312	\$ 161,312
·	·	- · 	- ·	·		- · 	· '	·
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating transfers out	(329,066)	(329,066)	(329,066)		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (329,066)	\$ (329,066)	\$ (329,066)	\$\$	-	\$		\$
Excess (deficiency) of revenues & other								
sources over expenditures & other uses	\$ -	\$ (2,551)	(3,936)	\$ (1,385)\$	-	\$ -	\$ 161,312	\$ 161,312
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,551	3,936	1,385	-	<u> </u>	350,006	350,006
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$	\$	\$ <u> </u> \$	-	\$	\$ 511,318	\$ 511,318

			School Capi	ital	Projects Fund					Tot	als			
_	Budget	_	Amended		Actual	 Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)	. <u>-</u>	Budget	_	Amended	_	Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	308,949 - -	\$ 308,949 - -	\$	- 1,113,383 226,617	\$	- 1,113,383 226,617	\$	319,086 1,188,258 1,004,548	\$	319,086 74,875 777,931
-	- - -	_	- - -		- - -	 - - -	· <u>-</u>	16,946,413 21,039,488 2,167,370		17,106,413 21,304,713 2,473,310		16,322,573 20,661,702 2,077,579		(783,840) (643,011) (395,731)
\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	308,949	\$ 308,949	\$_	41,493,271	\$_	42,224,436	\$_	41,573,746	\$_	(650,690)
\$	- 329,066 -	\$	- 16,752,683 -	\$	- 12,262,668 492,125	\$ - 4,490,015 (492,125)	\$	41,164,205 329,066 -	\$	41,897,921 16,752,683 -	\$	40,778,355 12,262,668 492,125	\$	1,119,566 4,490,015 (492,125)
\$_	329,066	\$_	16,752,683	\$	12,754,793	\$ 3,997,890	\$_	41,493,271	\$_	58,650,604	\$_	53,533,148	\$	5,117,456
\$_	(329,066)	\$_	(16,752,683)	\$	(12,445,844)	\$ 4,306,839	\$_	-	\$_	(16,426,168)	\$_	(11,959,402)	\$_	4,466,766
\$_	329,066	\$	329,066	\$	329,066	\$ - -	\$	329,066 (329,066)	\$	329,066 (329,066)	\$	329,066 (329,066)	\$	-
\$_	329,066	\$_	329,066	\$	329,066	\$ -	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	
\$	-	\$	(16,423,617)	\$	(12,116,778)	\$ 4,306,839	\$	-	\$	(16,426,168)	\$	(11,959,402)	\$	(4,466,766)
_	-	_	16,423,617		16,950,373	 526,756	. <u>-</u>	-		16,426,168	· <u>-</u>	17,304,315	. <u>-</u>	878,147
\$_	-	\$	-	\$	4,833,595	\$ 4,833,595	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	5,344,913	\$	5,344,913

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities-Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (11,959,402)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

1,610,336

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of <u>current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in</u> governmental funds.

(300,660)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (10,649,726)

Schedule of Capital Assets by Source -Discretely Presented Component Unit At June 30, 2002

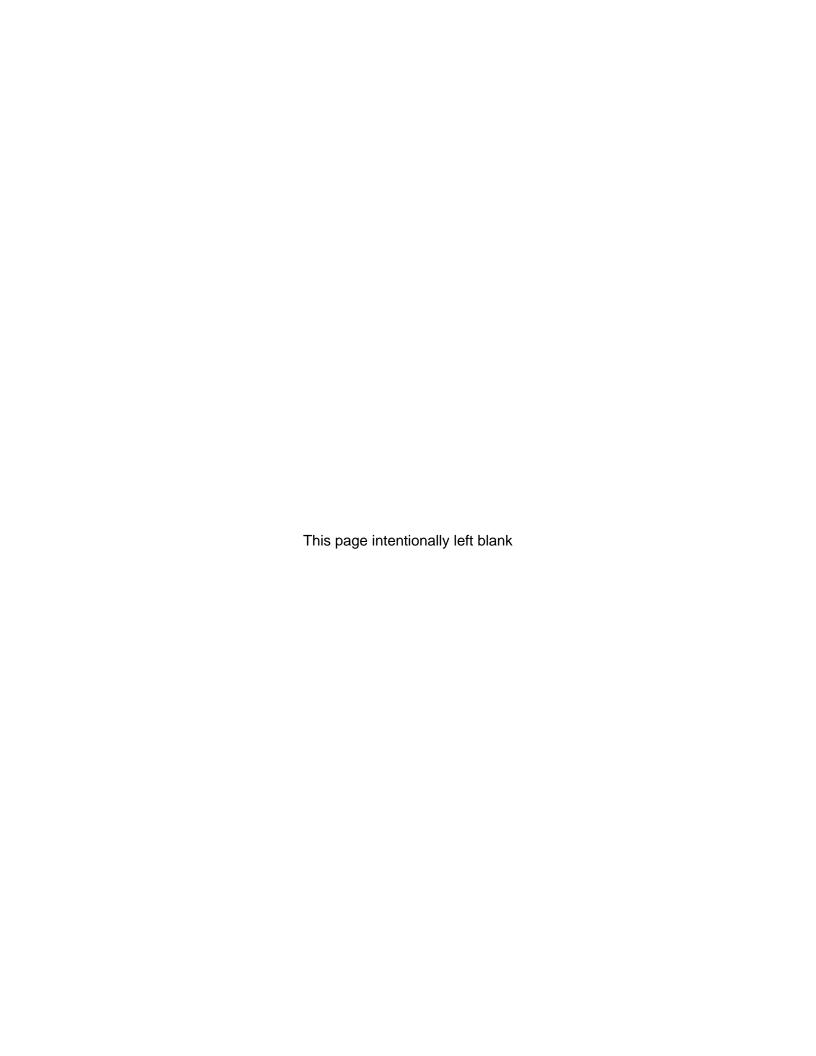
	-	Component Unit- School Board
Land and land improvements Building and building improvemens Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ -	1,266,068 13,218,788 6,706,013 1,485,533
Total capital assets	\$ _	22,676,402
Investment in capital assets from: General fund revenues	\$_	22,676,402
Total investment in capital assets	\$_	22,676,402

Schedule of Capital Assets by Function Discretely Presented Component Unit At June 30, 2002

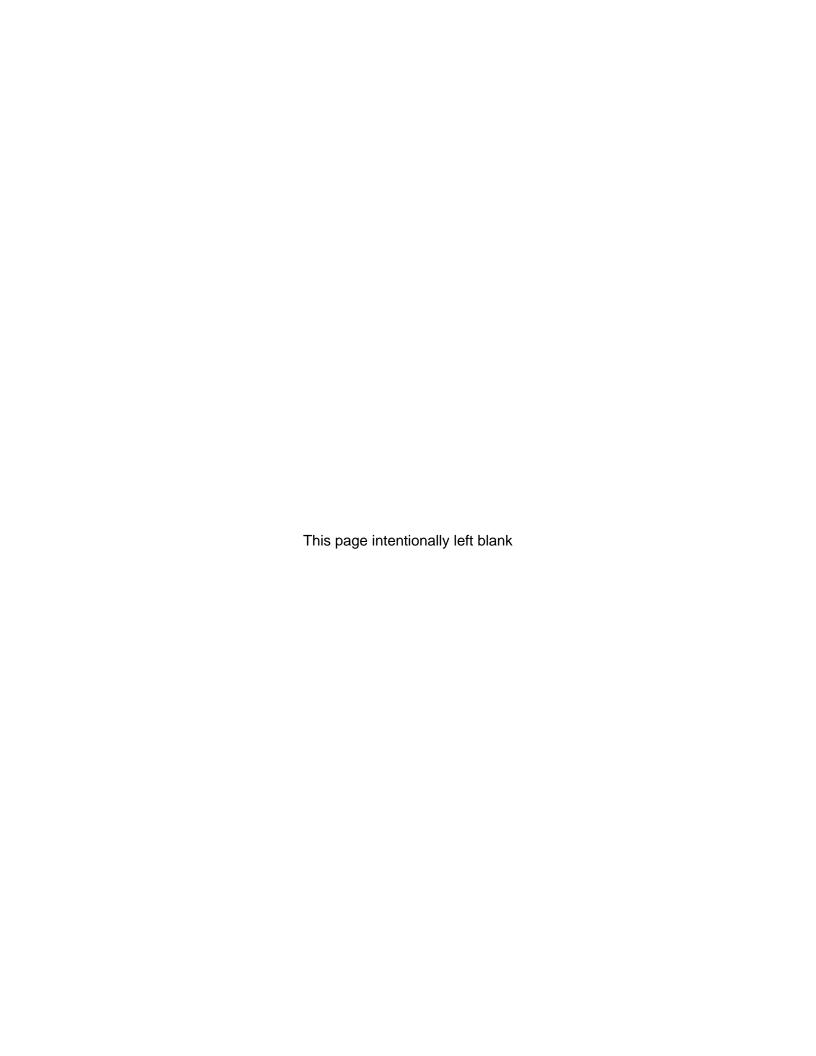
		Land and Land	Building and Building			Jointly Owned	
	_	Improvements	 Improvements		Equipment	Assets	Total
Education	\$_	1,266,068	\$ 13,218,788	\$_	6,706,013 \$	1,485,533 \$	22,676,402

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function Discretely Presented Component Unit Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Capital Assets July 1, 2001	· <u>-</u>	Additions	 Deletions	 Capital Assets June 30, 2002
Education	\$ 20,134,509	\$	2,541,893	\$ _	\$ 22,676,402







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	- -	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:	•	45 400 775	•	15 100 775	•	45.040.000	•	00.405
Real property taxes	\$	15,126,775	\$	15,126,775	\$	15,216,200	\$	89,425
Real and personal public service corporation property		000 000		000 000		004.700		04.700
taxes		900,000		900,000		984,706		84,706
Personal property taxes Mobile home taxes		6,551,563 26,803		6,551,563 26,803		4,344,617 29,723		(2,206,946) 2,920
Machinery and tools taxes		1,556,206		1,556,206		1,633,675		77,469
Penalties		206,186		206,186		233,374		27,188
Interest		170,044		170,044		133,579		(36,465)
	-	•				•		<u> </u>
Total general property taxes	\$_	24,537,577	_\$_	24,537,577	_\$_	22,575,874	\$_	(1,961,703)
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,631,790	\$	3,631,790	\$	3,659,581	\$	27,791
Transient occupancy tax	*	5,296	•	5,296	*	5,379	*	83
Consumer utility taxes		1,236,797		1,236,797		1,270,679		33,882
Business license taxes		400		400		1,000		600
Motor vehicle licenses		455,000		455,000		503,264		48,264
Taxes on recordation and wills		151,957		151,957		368,118		216,161
E-911 Taxes	_	365,000		393,650		453,131		59,481
Total other local taxes	\$_	5,846,240	\$	5,874,890	\$	6,261,152	\$	386,262
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	12,262	\$	12,262	\$	11,512	\$	(750)
Building and related permits	Ψ	274,170	Ψ	274,170	Ψ	633,936	Ψ	359,766
Other permits and licenses		211,085		211,085		66,669		(144,416)
·	_			-		·		
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$_	497,517	_\$_	497,517	\$_	712,117	\$_	214,600
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	51,000	\$	51,000	\$	41,576	\$	(9,424)
		- ,	- ' -	- ,	- ' -	,	· · -	ζ-, ,
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	1,013,827	\$	1,014,045	\$	532,548	\$	(481,497)
Revenue from use of property	_	19,841		19,841		19,200	-	(641)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	1,033,668	\$	1,033,886	\$	551,748	\$	(482,138)
Charges for services:								
Excess fees of clerk	\$	22,162	\$	22,162	\$	18,830	\$	(3,332)
Charges for Commonwealth's attorney	*	495	+	495	+	1,224	7	729
Charges for parks and recreation		34,704		34,704		37,545		2,841
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		8,979		23,979		14,100		(9,879)
Charges for courthouse maintenance fees		15,397		15,397		15,166		(231)
Charges for other protection		17,081		17,081		18,735		1,654
Charges for library		26,500		27,115		28,929		1,814
Charges for planning and community development		3,500		3,500		4,791		1,291

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	· -	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Charges for services: (continued)								
Charges for law library Cosmetology fees Charges for daycare	\$	13,535 - 634,225	\$	13,535 - 871,016	\$	13,600 83,387 576,016	\$	65 83,387 (295,000)
Total charges for services	\$_	776,578	\$	1,028,984	\$	812,323	\$	(216,661)
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous Insurance recoveries	\$	433,596 -	\$	465,726 -	\$	428,700 85,560	\$	(37,026) 85,560
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	433,596	\$	465,726	\$	514,260	\$	48,534
Recovered costs: Health department Career resource center Payments from localities	\$	- - 44,938	\$	- 21,690 44,938	\$	25,000 296,673 118,974	\$	25,000 274,983 74,036
Total recovered costs	\$_	44,938	\$	66,628	\$	440,647	\$	374,019
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	33,221,114	\$	33,556,208	\$	31,909,697	\$	(1,646,511)
Intergovernmental revenue: School Board contribution to County	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	492,125	\$	492,125
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:	Φ.	40.000	•	40.000	•	00.005	•	47.000
ABC profits Wine taxes	\$	49,226 27,540	Þ	49,226 27,540	Þ	66,865 34,672	Þ	17,639 7,132
Motor vehicle carriers' tax		38,420		38,420		38,716		296
Recordation tax Mobile home titling taxes		159,012 24,795		159,012 24,795		186,787 34,256		27,775 9,461
Tax on deeds		58,970		58,970		-		(58,970)
PPTRA		-		-		2,437,139		2,437,139
Sterilization funds Auto rental tax		2,000		660 2,000		676 4,864		16 2,864
Total noncategorical aid	\$	359,963	\$	360,623	\$		\$	
Categorical aid:	Ψ_	200,000	. * .	000,020	. Ť.	_,000,0:0	Ψ.	
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	321,230	\$	328,243	\$	307,594	\$	(20,649)
Sheriff		2,170,000		2,170,000		2,002,756		(167,244)
Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer		107,000 97,200		107,000 97,200		102,355 122,420		(4,645) 25,220
Medical examiner		590		590		450		(140)
Registrar/electoral board		40,027		40,027		92,103		52,076
Clerk of the Circuit Court		313,036		313,036		273,419		(39,617)
E-911		-		-		121,000		121,000
Combined Court	_	4,192		4,192		7,694		3,502
Total shared expenses	\$_	3,053,275	\$	3,060,288	\$	3,029,791	\$	(30,497)

Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Other categorical aid: Welfare administration and assistance \$ 2,984,820 \$ 3,300,595 \$ 744,392 \$ (2,556,203) Local jail 179,982 179,982 190,932 10,950 Wlefare to work grant 486,400 486,400 92,425 (393,975) Abandoned vehicle program 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Fire service program 26,000 26,000 24,730 (1,270) Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066) Options 25,400 28,700 23,300 (5,400)
Other categorical aid: Welfare administration and assistance \$ 2,984,820 \$ 3,300,595 \$ 744,392 \$ (2,556,203 \$ 10,950 \$ 179,982 \$ 179,982 \$ 190,932 \$ 10,950 \$ 179,982 \$ 179,982 \$ 190,932 \$ 10,950 \$ 179,982 \$ 179,982 \$ 190,932 \$ 10,950 \$ 10,
Welfare administration and assistance \$ 2,984,820 \$ 3,300,595 \$ 744,392 \$ (2,556,203
Local jail 179,982 179,982 190,932 10,950 Wlefare to work grant 486,400 486,400 92,425 (393,975) Abandoned vehicle program 5,000 5,000 - (5,000) Fire service program 26,000 26,000 24,730 (1,270) Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066)
Wlefare to work grant 486,400 486,400 92,425 (393,975 Abandoned vehicle program 5,000 5,000 - (5,000 Fire service program 26,000 26,000 24,730 (1,270 Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066
Abandoned vehicle program 5,000 5,000 - (5,000 Fire service program 26,000 26,000 24,730 (1,270 Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066
Fire service program 26,000 26,000 24,730 (1,270) Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066)
Families first grant 330,031 330,031 318,965 (11,066
Options 25,400 26,700 25,500 (5,400
Library aid 123,428 138,661 138,661 -
Community youth services grant 482,140 736,725 616,576 (120,149
Juvenile and domestic relations 147,254 147,254 -
Local law enforcement block grants - 20,860 - (20,860
Records preservation grant - 21,567 21,567
Criminal justice services 238,185 232,267 258,891 26,624
Commission for the arts 5,000 5,000 -
School resource officer grant 28,763 28,763 26,386 (2,377
Crime victim assistance 102,753 102,753 64,340 (38,413
VPSA grant 6,500 6,500
Other categorical aid 38,297 47,743 29,246 (18,497
Total other categorical aid \$ 5,203,453 \$ 5,816,734 \$ 2,709,165 \$ (3,107,569)
Total categorical aid \$ 8,256,728 \$ 8,877,022 \$ 5,738,956 \$ (3,138,066
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 8,616,691 \$ 9,237,645 \$ 8,542,931 \$ (694,714)
Revenue from the federal government:
Categorical aid:
Welfare administration and assistance \$ - \$ 150,000 \$ 2,633,429 \$ 2,483,429
Adult services grant 137,854 229,211 211,638 (17,573
School resource officer grant - 35,954 35,954
VSTOP grant 52,880 52,880
Emergency services 14,292 14,292
DMV selective enforcement grant 2,357 2,357 8,875 6,518
Law enforcement grant 20,860 20,860
DCJS grants 2,500 2,500
LSTA grants 3,115 3,115
Revenue maximization - 1,007,828 367,041 (640,787)
Total revenue from the federal government \$140,211 \\$1,389,396 \\$3,350,584 \\$1,961,188
Total General Fund \$\(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
Capital Projects Fund:
Revenue from local sources:
Revenue from use of money and property:
Revenue from use of property \$ \$ \$ _ 6,710 \$ _ 6,710

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	 Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) Capital Projects Fund: (Continued) Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$_	390,000	\$	390,000	\$ 100,000 \$	(290,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	390,000	\$	390,000	\$ 106,710	(283,290)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Aviation grant VDOT grant Indoor plumbing grant	\$	1,519,000 607,800 -	\$	1,903,637 607,800 -	\$ - \$ - 70,080	(1,903,637) (607,800) 70,080
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	2,126,800	\$	2,511,437	\$ 70,080	(2,441,357)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Community development block grant	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 719,288 \$	S 719,288
Total revenue from the Federal government	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 719,288	
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ \$	2.516.800	-	2,901,437		(2,005,359)
Grand Total Revenues Primary Government	_				45,191,415	
Component Unit School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of property	\$_ \$_		_\$_	-	\$ 5,120	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ 5,120	5,120
Charges for services: Textbook sales Charges for tuition	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$ 7,437 \$ 8,158	7,437 8,158
Total charges for services	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ 15,595	15,595
Miscellaneous revenue: Refunds of gasoline tax Miscellaneous	\$_	- 200,000	\$	- 200,000	\$ 508,529 \$ 446,739	508,529 246,739
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 955,268	755,268
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 975,983	775,983
Intergovernmental revenue: County contribution to School Board	\$_	16,946,413	_\$_	17,106,413	\$ 16,322,573	5 (783,840)

Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$4,148,131 \$ 4,148,131 \$ 3,936,503 \$ (211,628) Basic school aid 10,318,037 10,318,037 10,692,176 374,139 Special education-SQQ 1,023,226 1,046,967 23,741 Primary class size 390,597 390,597 384,998 (5,599) Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 124,804 2,230 Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,741 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 58,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SQQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) 41,111	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	_	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Share of state sales tax \$ 4,148,131 \$ 3,936,503 \$ 211,628 Basic school aid 10,318,037 10,23,226 1,048,037 23,741 Pimiary class size 330,597 390,597 384,998 (5,599) Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 124,804 2,830 Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,741 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 570,965 58,255 (127,10) Vocational education-SQQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 258,233 223,234 235,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314 266,314<	Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Basic school aid 10,318,037 10,318,037 10,692,176 374,139 Special education-SOQ 1,023,226 1,023,226 1,046,967 23,741 Primary class size 390,597 380,597 384,998 (5,599) Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 124,974 124,804 2,830 Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,741 1,955 11,955 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 56,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 233,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 866,273 266,314 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - - 266,314 Soltat development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Soltat development 83,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td>		_		_		_		_	
Special education-SQQ 1,023,226 1,024,226 1,046,967 23,741 Primary class size 390,597 390,597 384,998 (5,599) Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 124,804 2,830 Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,741 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 58,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 238,233 291,209 265,674 At -161 At -risk 238,233 288,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 788,682 133,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 At -184 Aslary supplement 153,746 153,746 212,336 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Finge benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement <		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Primary class size 390,597 390,597 384,998 (5,599) Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 124,804 2,830 Remedial education 233,783 235,741 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 56,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 233,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - - 266,314 266,314 Solary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development homes 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 172,463 SOL at gebra readines 1,019,107 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 39,313									
Gifted and talented 121,974 121,974 121,874 124,804 2,830 Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,785 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 58,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 238,233 234,340 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 84,6655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 94,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,866 (291,711) Dropout preve									
Remedial education 233,783 233,783 235,741 1,958 Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 176,866 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 (4,010) Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 238,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development homes 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,013,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL staff development 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 1 SOL algeb			390,597		390,597		384,998		(5,599)
Third grade remedial 70,965 70,965 58,255 (12,710) Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 176,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 238,233 291,209 (257,674) Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 296,314 291,395 98,866 (291,711) 296 46,90 84,690 84,690 84,690 84,619 48,019 48,019 48,019	Gifted and talented		121,974		121,974		124,804		2,830
Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 172,796 172,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 238,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,304 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,866 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 - SCOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,0	Remedial education		233,783		233,783		235,741		1,958
Vocational education-SOQ 172,796 172,796 172,796 172,806 4,010 Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) At - risk 238,233 238,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,304 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,866 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 - SCOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,0	Third grade remedial		70,965		70,965		58,255		(12,710)
Teacher incentive 548,883 548,883 291,209 (257,674) A1 - risk 238,233 238,233 238,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,654 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 10,300 36,603 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 \$600 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
At - risk 238,233 238,233 243,430 5,197 Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 - SOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,074 347,074 347,180 106 Other categorical aid \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$671,239 Revenue from the federal government: 2					•				
Lottery 665,673 665,673 788,682 123,009 Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 276,805 366,655 1,965 1,965 1,965 1,965 1,965 20,24 20,265 1,965 20,311 20,633,471 1,965 31,711 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,020 20,145 20,145 20,145 20,145 20,14									
Textbook 207,525 207,525 212,340 4,815 Hospital, clinics, detention homes - - 266,314 266,314 Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 - SOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 48,019 48,019 School construction 347,074 347,074 347,180 106 Other categorical aid \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,634 \$20,264 Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,634 \$20,264 Categ					•		•		
Hospital, clinics, detention homes	·								
Salary supplement 153,746 153,746 201,236 47,490 SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 40,719 40,019 40,01 40			•				•		
SOL staff development 84,690 84,690 86,655 1,965 Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 90,313 SOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,074 347,180 106 Other categorical aid \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title II education for economic security 35,000 \$668,168 \$203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 \$21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction									,
Fringe benefits 1,019,107 1,019,107 946,644 (72,463) SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 398,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 SOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,074 347,074 347,180 106 Other categorical aid 814,138 1,079,363 340,713 (738,650) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: **Categorical aid: **Categorical ai							•		
SOL reimbursement 390,597 390,597 98,886 (291,711) Dropout prevention 90,313 10,5603 15,603 15,603 15,603 10,600 10,600 10,600 106,000 106,000 106,000 106,000 106,100 106,100 106,100 106,100 106,100 106,000 106,000 106,000 106,000 106,000 106,000					•				
Dropout prevention 90,313 90,313 90,313 48,019 48,019 SCL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 15,603 School construction 347,074 347,074 347,180 106 016 Other categorical aid \$14,138 1,079,363 340,713 (671,239) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 \$(671,239) Revenue from the federal government: \$21,039,488 \$2	<u> </u>								
SOL algebra readiness - - 48,019 48,019 Technology resource - - 15,603 15,603 School construction 347,074 347,074 347,180 106 Other categorical aid 814,138 1,079,363 340,713 (671,239) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$21,039,488 \$21,304,713 \$20,633,474 (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$20,663,474 (671,239) Chapter I \$465,000 \$668,168 \$203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619)							•		(291,711)
Technology resource School construction - - 15,603 347,074 347,180 347,180 106 15,603 347,074 347,180 347,180 106 16,603 347,074 347,180 347,180 347,173 (738,650) 15,603 347,713 347,180 340,713 (738,650) 16,603 340,713 340,7			90,313		90,313				-
School construction Other categorical aid 347,074 814,138 347,074 1,079,363 347,180 340,713 106 (738,650) Total categorical aid \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 \$ 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - <			-		-				
Other categorical aid 814,138 1,079,363 340,713 (738,650) Total categorical aid \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 \$ 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI - B 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals -			-		-				
Total categorical aid \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 \$ 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) 1(5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - 106,000 - 106,000 - 106,000 - (351,035) - (351,035) Total revenue from the feder									
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 21,039,488 \$ 21,304,713 \$ 20,633,474 \$ (671,239)\$ Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 \$ 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction 123,158 123,158 Title VI	Other categorical aid	_	814,138		1,079,363		340,713	_	(738,650)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035)	Total categorical aid	\$_	21,039,488	\$	21,304,713	\$	20,633,474	\$_	(671,239)
Categorical aid: Chapter I \$ 465,000 \$ 465,000 \$ 668,168 \$ 203,168 Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) <	Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	21,039,488	\$	21,304,713	\$	20,633,474	\$_	(671,239)
Title II education for economic security 35,000 35,000 21,657 (13,343) Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$1,507,370 \$1,813,310 \$1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	Categorical aid:	•	405.000	Φ.	405.000	•	000.400	•	000 400
Drug free schools - - 20,264 20,264 Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government 1,507,370 1,813,310 1,425,658 (387,652)	·	Ъ		\$		Ъ		Ф	
Class size reduction - - 123,158 123,158 Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$1,507,370 \$1,813,310 \$1,425,658 \$(387,652)			35,000		35,000		,		
Title VI 44,800 44,800 38,913 (5,887) Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$1,507,370 \$1,813,310 \$1,425,658 \$(387,652)			-		-				
Title VI - B 489,950 489,950 330,331 (159,619) School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)			-		-		•		
School to work 77,945 77,945 45,615 (32,330) Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)			44,800						
Preschool incentive 50,000 50,000 29,348 (20,652) Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	Title VI - B		489,950		489,950		330,331		(159,619)
Vocational education 108,580 108,580 113,251 4,671 Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	School to work		77,945		77,945		45,615		(32,330)
Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	Preschool incentive		50,000		50,000		29,348		(20,652)
Goals - - 34,310 34,310 Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	Vocational education		108,580		108,580		113,251		
Developmental disabilities basic grant - - 643 643 E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	Goals		_ ′				,		
E-Rate 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)			_		_				
Job training partnership act 106,000 106,000 - (106,000) Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)	•		85 000		85 000		-		
Miscellaneous federal grants 45,095 351,035 - (351,035) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,507,370 \$ 1,813,310 \$ 1,425,658 \$ (387,652)							_		
Total revenue from the federal government \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\							-		
Total School Operating Fund \$ 39,693,271 \$ 40,424,436 \$ 39,357,688 \$ (1,066,748)	•	\$_		\$		\$	1,425,658	\$_	
	Total School Operating Fund	\$	39,693,271	_\$	40,424,436	\$	39,357,688	\$	(1,066,748)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	 Budget As Amended	_	Actual	 Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,017	\$ 5,017
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales		1,113,383	1,113,383		1,172,663	59,280
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	_	26,617	 26,617	-	49,280	 22,663
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	1,140,000	\$ 1,140,000	\$	1,226,960	\$ 86,960
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	28,228	\$ 28,228
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	28,228	\$ 28,228
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$_	660,000	\$ 660,000	\$	651,921	\$ (8,079)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	660,000	\$ 660,000	\$	651,921	\$ (8,079)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$	1,907,109	\$ 107,109
School Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	308,949	\$ 308,949
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	308,949	\$ 308,949
Grand Total Revenues Component Unit School Board	\$_	41,493,271	\$ 42,224,436	\$	41,573,746	\$ (650,690)
Grand Total Revenues Reporting Entity	\$_	85,988,087	\$ 89,309,122	\$	86,765,161	\$ (2,543,961)

Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit Statement of Expenditures -- Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2002

Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:								
General Fund: General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$_	146,265	_\$_	177,884	_\$_	162,341	\$_	15,543
General and financial administration:								
County administration	\$	245,648	\$	232,762	\$	225,544	\$	7,218
County attorney		178,128		173,428		151,793		21,635
Auditor		51,940		51,940		24,155		27,785
Commissioner of the Revenue		288,512		290,909		269,959		20,950
Real estate assessor		124,672		173,810		96,072		77,738
Treasurer		326,602		345,451		318,833		26,618
Department of finance and budget		448,124		455,409		377,042		78,367
Information systems	_	352,957	_	355,006	_	294,181	_	60,825
Total general and financial administration	\$_	2,016,583	\$_	2,078,715	\$_	1,757,579	\$_	321,136
Board of Elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	45,610	\$	45,610	\$	32,888	\$	12,722
Registrar	_	87,048		87,453		74,948	_	12,505
Total board of elections	\$_	132,658	\$_	133,063	\$_	107,836	\$_	25,227
Total general government administration	\$_	2,295,506	_\$_	2,389,662	\$_	2,027,756	\$_	361,906
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	65,010	\$	65,415	\$	48,566	\$	16,849
Special magistrates		2,200		2,200		1,835		365
Clerk of the circuit court		453,554		461,429		431,261		30,168
Law library		14,350		19,050		21,908		(2,858)
Victim assistance program		68,370		68,775		69,419		(644)
Combined court		18,700		23,429		18,172		5,257
Sheriff		278,954		272,851		266,305		6,546
Criminal justice services		238,565		234,265		214,723		19,542
Commissioner of accounts	_	1,038		1,038	_	386	_	652
Total courts	\$_	1,140,741	\$_	1,148,452	\$_	1,072,575	\$_	75,877
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$_	460,112	\$_	469,957	\$_	469,896	\$_	61
Total judicial administration	\$_	1,600,853	\$_	1,618,409	\$_	1,542,471	\$_	75,938
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,368,922	\$	2,449,788	\$	2,229,202	\$	220,586
EMS council	*	14,700	•	15,022	•	15,022	•	-
IPPO grant		47,467		49,575		31,658		17,917
J		,		- ,		,		, -

Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (continued) Public safety: (continued) Law enforcement and traffic control: (continued)						
Dare program PO Family support grant Options grant School resource officer grant	\$	- 39,684 60,175 -	\$	11,587 \$ 40,373 60,580	6,697 \$ 38,404 57,449 77,209	4,890 1,969 3,131 (77,209)
VSTOP grant Law enforcement block grant Other law enforcement and traffic control E-911	_	- - - 851,277		34,804 20,860 - 931,093	63,448 2,387 760 805,749	(28,644) 18,473 (760) 125,344
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	3,382,225	_\$_	3,613,682 \$	3,327,985 \$	285,697
Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue State forest fire extinction	\$_	626,150 6,000	\$	656,933 \$ 6,000	690,587 \$ 5,674	(33,654) 326
Total fire and rescue services	\$_	632,150	_\$_	662,933 \$	696,261 \$	(33,328)
Correction and detention: Sheriff Probation office	\$_	1,785,053 191,400	\$_	1,811,504 \$ 191,400	1,754,583 \$ 121,217	56,921 70,183
Total correction and detention	\$_	1,976,453	\$_	2,002,904 \$	1,875,800 \$	127,104
Inspections: Building	\$_	464,308	_\$_	516,263 \$	480,996_\$	35,267
Other protection: Animal control Medical examiner Emergency services	\$	281,430 1,500 319,150	\$	284,113 \$ 1,500 329,890	277,430 \$ 800 323,582	6,683 700 6,308
Total other protection	\$_	602,080	_\$_	615,503 \$	601,812 \$	13,691
Total public safety	\$_	7,057,216	\$_	7,411,285 \$	6,982,854 \$	428,431
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$_	742,905	_\$_	985,595 \$	778,230 \$	207,365
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	742,905	\$_	985,595 \$	778,230 \$	207,365
Total public works	\$_	742,905	_\$_	985,595 \$	778,230 \$	207,365
Health and welfare: Health: Local health department	\$_	287,084	\$_	287,084 \$	266,191 \$	20,893
Mental health and mental retardation: Community services board	\$_	322,783	_\$_	322,783 \$	321,100 \$	1,683

Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (continued) Welfare:					
Administration and public assistance Community youth services Families first Options Daycare expenditures Revenue maximization Career resource center	\$	3,384,818 \$ 667,549 330,031 58,554 634,255 - 674,226	3,454,201 \$ 1,075,996 332,863 62,259 1,287,600 1,007,828 795,227	3,334,964 \$ 1,080,715 320,261 61,718 1,197,338 627,508 467,344	119,237 (4,719) 12,602 541 90,262 380,320 327,883
Total welfare	\$_	5,749,433 \$	8,015,974 \$	7,089,848 \$	926,126
Total health and welfare	\$_	6,359,300 \$	8,625,841 \$	7,677,139 \$	948,702
Education: Contributions to community colleges Contributions to School Board Component Unit	\$	17,616 \$ 17,258,783	17,616 \$ 17,106,413	17,616 \$ 16,322,573	- 783,840
Total education	\$_	17,276,399 \$	17,124,029 \$	16,340,189 \$	783,840
Parks, recreation and cultural: Parks and recreation: Parks and recreation	\$_	344,844_\$_	346,534_\$	259,664_\$	86,870
Library: Library	\$_	647,266_\$_	689,105 \$	637,963_\$	51,142
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$_	992,110 \$	1,035,639 \$	897,627 \$	138,012
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning Chamber of commerce Zoning board Economic development	\$	482,321 \$ 10,000 2,227 263,414	484,718 \$ 10,000 2,227 284,823	397,982 \$ 10,000 1,300 227,551	86,736 - 927 57,272
Total planning and community development	\$_	757,962 \$_	781,768 \$	636,833_\$	144,935
Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district	\$_	38,647_\$_	38,647_\$	38,647_\$	
Cooperative extension program: VPI extension	\$_	143,308 \$	143,308 \$	123,970_\$	19,338
Total community development	\$_	939,917 \$	963,723 \$	799,450 \$	164,273
Nondepartmental: Various	\$_	151,607_\$_	53,793 \$	70,825_\$	(17,032)

Fund, Function, Activity, Element		Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (continued) Debt service:						
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	\$ _	2,207,067 1,657,072	\$	2,207,067 \$ 1,657,072	1,518,820 S 1,523,903	688,247 133,169
Total debt service	\$_	3,864,139	\$	3,864,139_\$	3,042,723	821,416
Total General Fund	\$_	41,279,952	\$	44,072,115 \$	40,159,264	3,912,851
Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects - public safety Capital projects - computer Capital projects - buildings and grounds Capital projects - public works Capital projects - airport Capital projects - airpark Capital projects - parks & recreation Other capital projects	\$	50,000 90,000 723,200 732,000 1,708,000 - -	\$	1,866,629 \$ 126,343 1,142,694 1,742,432 4,987,856 874,775 109,612 718,666	1,313,173 5 56,850 682,040 177,048 31,695 - 13,275 50,073	553,456 69,493 460,654 1,565,384 4,956,161 874,775 96,337 668,593
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	3,303,200	\$	11,569,007 \$	2,324,154	9,244,853
Grand Total Expenditures Primary Government	\$_	44,583,152	\$	55,641,122 \$	42,483,418	13,157,704
Component Unit School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Facilities	\$	31,186,811 1,553,804 2,232,530 4,391,060	\$	32,094,311 \$ 1,553,805 2,392,531 3,970,826 86,448	31,784,278	310,033 97,212 280,858 377,260
Total education	\$_	39,364,205	\$_	40,097,921 \$	39,032,558	1,065,363
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	39,364,205	\$	40,097,921 \$	39,032,558	1,065,363
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food service costs	\$ <u>_</u>	1,800,000	\$_	<u> 1,800,000</u> \$	1,745,797	§ <u>54,203</u>
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$_	1,800,000	\$	1,800,000 \$	1,745,797	54,203
School Capital Projects Fund: School capital projects Contribution to Primary Government - Debt Service	\$_	329,066 -	\$	16,752,683 \$	12,262,668 492,125	4,490,015 (492,125)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$_	329,066	\$	16,752,683 \$	12,754,793	3,997,890
Grand Total ExpendituresComponent UnitSchool Board	\$_	41,493,271	\$	58,650,604 \$	53,533,148	5,117,456
Grand Total Expenditures Reporting Entity	\$_	86,076,423	\$_	114,291,726 \$	96,016,566	18,275,160

STATISTICAL SECTION





General Government Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare
1992-93	\$ 1,257,945 \$	310,532	\$ 3,064,122 \$	784,115 \$	2,265,958
1993-94	1,183,171	462,702	3,121,161	926,103	2,525,966
1994-95	1,015,193	697,560	3,361,560	349,466	2,881,810
1995-96	1,443,617	741,736	3,448,372	477,604	3,450,401
1996-97	1,323,224	977,590	4,002,375	509,133	3,645,618
1997-98	1,513,059	1,116,992	4,546,722	474,663	3,925,411
1998-99	1,997,729	1,280,914	5,027,376	480,148	4,446,869
1999-00	2,116,520	1,384,594	5,540,995	623,381	5,518,988
2000-01	2,256,434	1,513,634	6,544,990	520,397	6,101,477
2001-02	2,027,756	1,542,471	6,982,854	778,230	7,677,139

Note Fiscal Year 2001-02 does not include contributions from the Primary Government to the School Board of Board \$16,322,573 and contributions from the School to the Primary Government of \$492,125.

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Capital Project Fund of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component unit.

-	Education	Recreation and Cultural	Community Development	Non- Departmental	_	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
\$	24,447,435 \$	94,920 \$	745,572 \$	-	\$	1,347,055 \$	2,175,857 \$	36,493,511
	25,189,340	98,593	714,544	-		3,017,673	2,091,045	39,330,298
	26,927,528	103,705	1,103,042	-		2,422,097	2,068,473	40,930,434
	27,262,775	110,431	764,498	-		3,049,658	1,732,373	42,481,465
	30,557,603	304,883	871,865	1,713		10,351,374	1,812,833	54,358,211
	32,537,700	493,837	907,122	-		7,709,372	2,578,265	55,803,143
	33,733,895	613,341	1,032,566	-		3,910,787	2,498,306	55,021,931
	37,169,323	731,991	1,063,624	1,768		4,512,288	2,516,760	61,180,232
	38,323,552	843,992	1,604,381	12,628		8,686,707	2,923,744	69,331,936
	40,795,971	897,627	799,450	70,825		14,586,822	3,042,723	79,201,868

General Government Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	General Property	Other Local	Permit Privilege Fees & Regulatory	Fines &
Year	 Taxes	 Taxes	 Licenses	 Forfeitures
1992-93	\$ 14,378,923	\$ 3,233,294	\$ 267,400	\$ 4,240
1993-94	14,761,268	3,532,056	289,455	3,951
1994-95	15,717,766	3,201,485	317,518	2,120
1995-96	16,612,571	3,332,562	303,289	9,776
1996-97	17,846,374	3,739,301	315,011	67,148
1997-98	18,411,386	3,882,121	382,505	50,234
1998-99	19,819,201	4,319,891	438,841	46,738
1999-00	19,515,562	5,628,625	376,368	55,042
2000-01	21,292,619	5,993,067	602,886	24,781
2001-02	22,575,874	6,261,152	712,117	41,576

Note Fiscal Year 2001-02 does not include contributions from the Primary Government to the School Board of \$16,322,573 and contributions from the School Board to the Primary Government of \$492,125

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Capital Project Fund of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component unit.

_	Revenues from the Use of Money & Property	_	Charges for Services	-	Miscellaneous	Recovered Costs	-	Inter- governmental	 Total
\$	615,329	\$	1,650,173	\$	94,752	\$ 392	\$	17,059,679	\$ 37,304,182
	591,252		1,505,849		169,506	6,510		17,661,052	38,520,899
	1,060,332		1,473,040		125,731	-		19,458,610	41,356,602
	1,119,942		1,384,928		160,169	-		20,016,290	42,939,527
	1,461,717		1,564,490		558,744	147,496		22,201,807	47,902,088
	1,255,190		1,660,206		1,836,710	94,765		24,490,007	52,063,124
	1,508,457		2,074,884		792,700	368,654		26,456,116	55,825,482
	1,121,867		2,141,159		1,050,828	312,203		30,307,920	60,509,574
	2,530,417		2,207,046		1,197,766	349,084		32,902,979	67,100,645
	877,544		2,000,581		1,618,808	440,647		35,422,164	69,950,463

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Total (1) Tax Levy				_	Percent of Levy Collected	_	Delinquent (1) Tax (2) Collections
1992-93	\$	14,331,330	\$	13,521,623	\$	94.35%	\$	466,857	
1993-94		14,613,414		13,887,673		95.03%		432,176	
1994-95		15,289,140		14,498,181		94.83%		552,230	
1995-96		16,311,291		15,664,498		96.03%		502,183	
1996-97		17,136,386		16,566,121		96.67%		711,413	
1997-98		17,842,385		17,048,176		95.55%		864,665	
1998-99		19,740,029		18,909,383		95.79%		549,085	
1999-00		19,908,616		19,238,696		96.64%		572,875	
2000-01		22,779,724		21,764,061		95.54%		796,745	
2001-02		25,171,456		24,210,243		96.18%		435,817	

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes three years taxes.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes revenue from the Commonwealth for Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

Table 3

_	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	 Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)(3)	_	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
\$	13,988,480 \$	97.61%	\$ 1,312,308	\$	9.16%
	14,319,849	97.99%	1,628,546		11.14%
	15,050,411	98.44%	1,260,449		8.24%
	16,166,681	99.11%	1,307,097		8.01%
	17,277,534	100.82%	1,167,651		6.81%
	17,912,841	100.39%	1,129,576		6.33%
	19,458,468	98.57%	1,023,118		5.18%
	19,811,571	99.51%	969,289		4.87%
	22,560,806	99.04%	1,008,418		4.43%
	24,646,060	97.91%	946,184		3.76%

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Merchants' Capital	Public Service	Total
1992-93 \$	1,191,819,047 \$	50,515,873 \$	3,676,857 \$	14,380,433 \$	12,703,493 \$	53,408,809 \$	1,326,504,512
1993-94	1,308,339,324	51,633,952	3,627,162	15,503,880	12,385,659	85,357,172	1,476,847,150
1994-95	1,351,018,108	56,905,248	4,102,569	16,512,457	12,250,977	86,033,610	1,526,822,969
1995-96	1,376,370,540	66,485,190	4,415,150	19,754,355	14,358,361	89,184,427	1,570,568,023
1996-97	1,432,564,866	77,132,772	4,225,600	20,761,364	7,996,763	92,962,364	1,635,643,729
1997-98	1,615,897,300	81,527,039	4,618,423	25,697,286	4,267,493	93,136,336	1,825,143,877
1998-99	1,755,100,700	84,462,327	2,944,900	34,637,961	4,334,925	108,519,015	1,989,999,828
1999-00	1,803,944,800	89,792,599	3,206,000	28,408,306	51,454	106,218,265	2,031,621,424
2000-01	1,856,943,600	264,000,872 1	3,268,700	77,810,297 1	-	94,661,009	2,296,684,480
2001-02	1,911,199,400	281,868,312	3,335,500	85,457,408	-	109,358,826	2,391,219,446

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2000-01 the Commissioner of Revenue changed assessment methodology from 40% fair market value to 100% fair market value. All other amounts are at 100% fair market value.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	 Real Estate	 Personal Property		Machinery and Tools		Merchants' Capital
1992-93	\$ 0.89	\$ 6.25	\$	5.00	\$	2.25
1993-94	0.74	6.25		5.00		1.82
1994-95	0.74	6.25		5.00		1.64
1995-96	0.74	6.25		5.00		1.48
1996-97	0.74	6.25		5.00		1.00
1997-98	0.74	6.25		5.00		0.50
1998-99	0.74	6.25		5.00		0.50
1999-00	0.74	6.25		5.00		0.10
2000-01	0.82	2.50	(2)	2.00	(2)	-
2001-02	0.88	2.50		2.00		-

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2000-01 the Board of Supervisors changed tax rates as result of change in assessment methodology as disclosed in table 4

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	_	Assessed Value (in thousands)(2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
1992-93	29,200	\$	1,326,504,512 \$	14,808,527	1.12% \$	507
1993-94	29,500		1,476,847,150	13,697,060	0.93%	464
1994-95	31,200		1,526,822,969	12,533,599	0.82%	402
1995-96	31,700		1,570,568,023	14,313,772	0.91%	452
1996-97	32,200		1,635,643,729	19,378,381	1.18%	602
1997-98	32,700		1,825,143,877	18,062,243	0.99%	552
1998-99	33,083		1,989,999,828	18,090,214	0.91%	547
1999-00	33,400		2,031,621,424	19,587,186	0.96%	586
2000-01	34,262		2,296,684,480	25,158,487	1.10%	734
2001-02	34,702		2,391,219,446	34,047,488	1.42%	981

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ From Table 4

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Bond Anticipation Notes, and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

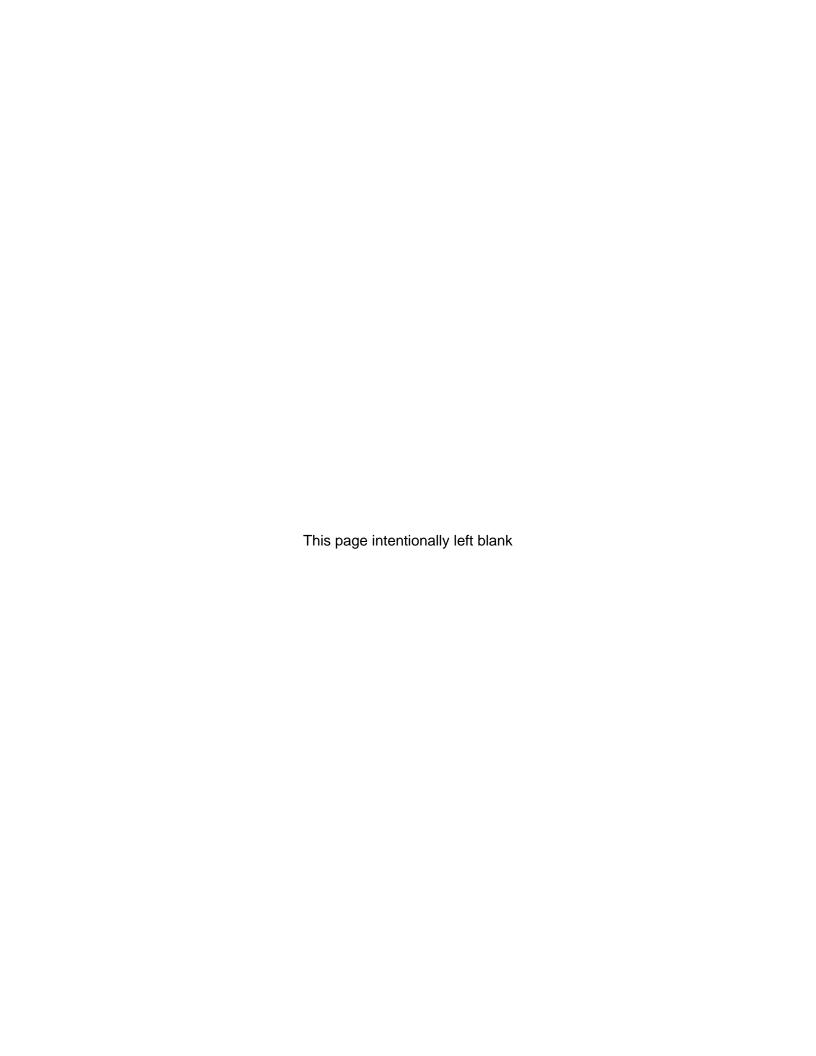
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt (1) to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	 Principal	_	Interest	 Total Debt Service	_	Total General Governmental Expenditures (3)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
1992-93	\$ 1,121,244	\$	1,054,613	\$ 2,175,857	\$	36,493,511	5.96%
1993-94	1,111,467		976,964	2,088,431		39,330,298	5.31%
1994-95	1,163,461		905,012	2,068,473		40,930,434	5.05%
1995-96	894,827		837,546	1,732,373		42,481,465	4.08%
1996-97	935,391		877,442	1,812,833		54,358,211	3.33%
1997-98	1,350,166		1,228,099	2,578,265		55,803,143	4.62%
1998-99	1,397,776		1,100,530	2,498,306		55,021,931	4.54%
1999-00	1,443,594		1,073,122	2,516,716		61,180,232	4.11%
2000-01	1,357,557		1,566,187	2,923,744		69,331,936	4.22%
2001-02	1,518,820		1,523,903	3,042,723		79,201,868	3.84%

⁽¹⁾ General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds and special assessment debt with government commitment have been excluded.

⁽²⁾ Excludes bond issuance and other costs.

⁽³⁾ Includes General and Capital Project Fund of the Primary Government and its discretely presented component unit.



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt At June 30, 2002

Direct: (1)

County of Culpeper \$ 34,047,488 100.00% \$ 34,047,488

(1) Includes general obligation bonded debt.

The County of Culpeper has no overlapping debt.

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Residential Construction		Voluntion	Commercial Construction		Voluntion	Miscellaneous Construction
Year	Permits	_	Valuation	Permits	_	Valuation	Permits
1992-93	205	\$	21,855,934	9	\$	6,602,281	442
1993-94	255		29,561,340	25		4,680,283	374
1994-95	254		28,445,522	41		8,179,754	505
1995-96	261		30,436,998	29		12,073,473	572
1996-97	301		35,714,899	29		10,205,799	456
1997-98	295		35,987,680	72		12,812,829	436
1998-99	328		37,772,814	66		7,614,385	434
1999-00	261		35,704,674	220		3,703,310	1,623
2000-01	320		47,181,480	112		4,205,762	1,879
2001-02	413		53,295,131	29		3,683,400	912

N/A - amounts not available

1 Source: Culpeper County Planning Department2 Source: Financial Institutions Data Exchange

^{*} Amounts expressed in thousands

		Bank							
_	Valuation	Deposits	Residential	Commercial	_	Agriculture	Non-Taxable		
\$	6,244,248 \$	299,266 \$	660,052,963 \$	230,801,790	\$	301,815,300	\$	98,685,603	
	5,288,378	294,752	869,373,100	234,779,400		360,218,100		93,777,500	
	8,892,040	338,432	896,846,800	234,803,200		361,306,000		94,202,700	
	9,437,824	354,012	927,151,300	240,473,600		364,163,000		97,546,400	
	10,814,428	356,625	966,380,800	243,383,400		365,603,800		99,871,900	
	8,580,190	355,675	1,005,147,900	247,485,200		363,264,200		102,387,000	
	8,319,775	N/A	1,095,184,100	269,265,800		390,650,800		140,631,800	
	3,703,310	N/A	1,172,557,300	239,399,400		391,988,100		144,565,600	
	9,572,979	N/A	1,223,079,100	240,243,100		393,621,400		147,549,400	
	8,267,326	N/A	1,272,177,000	243,258,200		395,764,200		148,098,400	

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population (1)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)
1992-93	29,200	5,028	7.20%
1993-94	29,500	5,040	4.40%
1994-95	31,200	5,067	4.60%
1995-96	31,700	5,166	4.80%
1996-97	32,200	5,247	3.30%
1997-98	32,700	5,327	2.30%
1998-99	33,083	5,522	2.00%
1999-00	33,400	5,555	1.60%
2000-01	34,262	5,594	1.60%
2001-02	34,700	5,760	2.10%

⁽¹⁾ U. S. Census Bureau

⁽²⁾ Virginia Employment Commission

Principal Taxpayers At June 30, 2002

Taxpayer	Type of Business	_	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
SWIFT, Inc.	Communications	\$	34,831,964	1.46%
Continental Teves	Manufacturing		25,289,360	1.06%
Rochester Corp.	Cable Manufacturer		13,719,738	0.57%
Packard Humanities	Foundation		12,841,800	0.54%
Dominion Square	Legal		8,642,400	0.36%
Wal-mart	Shopping center		8,605,000	0.36%
Communications Corporation of America	Consulting/Mail Services		6,838,818	0.29%
Key Corp. Capital	Leasing		6,720,594	0.28%
Culpeper Commons LP	Furniture Manufacturer		6,167,900	0.26%
PNC Leasing	Leasing	_	5,976,924	0.25%
	Totals	\$_	129,634,498	5.42%

Table 12

Miscellaneous Statistics At June 30, 2002

Date of Incorporation	1749
Form of Government	Board of Supervisors/
	County Administrator
	•
Area in square miles	381
Public Safety	
Fire and rescue companies	8
Volunteer firefighters	374
Sheriff's employees	78
Education	
Schools	7
Number of teachers	464
Number of students	5,760
Recreation and Culture	
Number of parks and recreation facilities	3
Number of libraries	1
Number of libraries	ľ
Employees at June 30, 2002	
	265
General government (includes public safety)	365
School division (includes teachers)	862

COMPLIANCE SECTION



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

A Professional limited liability company

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with the <u>Specifications for Audit of Counties</u>, <u>Cities and Towns</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Culpeper's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performed our audit, we considered County of Culpeper's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the County of Culpeper, Virginia in a separate letter dated September 27, 2002.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Supervisors, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Heinson, Farmes lex associates Charlottesville, Virginia

September 27, 2002

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

A Professional limited liability company

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Culpeper, Virginia with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. The County of Culpeper, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Culpeper, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Culpeper, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Supervisors, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Charlottesville, Virginia September 27, 2002

Atleinson, Farmer, lex associates

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2002

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	Federal Catalog Number	Expenditures
Primary Government:		
Department of Aviation Pass Through Payments:		
Department of Aviation: Airport grant	20.106 \$	1,436,025
Department of Housing and Community Development: Pass through payments:		
Community development block grant	14.228 \$	719,288
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments: Department of Social Services:		
Food Stamps	10.561 \$	224,211
Family preservation and support	93.556	13,114
Temporary assistance to needy families	93.558	352,518
Refugee and entrant assistance	93.566	598
Low income energy assistance Child care assistance	93.568	95,452 269,888
Child care and development fund	93.575 93.596	868,428
Foster care	93.658	537,490
Adoption assistance	93.659	108,018
Social services block grant	93.667	333,575
Independent living	93.674	(1,096)
Medical assistance program	93.778	198,274
Total Department of Health and Human Services	\$	3,000,470
Virginia Employment Commission:		
Pass Through Payments:	47.050 Ф	044.000
Welfare investment actadult program	17.258 \$	211,638
Total Virginia Employment Commission	\$	211,638
Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments:		
Department of Criminal Justice Services:		
Drug control and system improvement	16.579 \$	38,454
Law enforcement grant	16.592	20,860
Violence against women formula grants	16.588	52,880
Total Department of Justice	\$	112,194
Federal Emergency Management Agency :		
Pass through payments: Disaster assistance	83.537 \$	14,292
Total emergency Management Agency	\$	14,292

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	Federal Catalog Number	Expenditures
Department of Motor Vehicles: Pass Through Payments: National Highway Traffic Saftey: Alcohol in relation to highway saftey grant	20.600	\$8,875_
Total National Highway Traffic Saftey		\$8,875
Institute of Museum and Library Services: Pass Through Payments: National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities: State library program	45.310	\$ 3,115
Total Institue of Museum and Library Services		\$ 3,115
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Primary Government		\$ 5,505,897
Component Unit School Board:		
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution Schools	10.555	\$ 98,596
Department of Education: National school lunch program National school breakfast program	10.555 10.553	493,316 158,605
Total Department of Agriculture		\$750,517
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:		
Title 1 grants to local educational agencies Handicapped preschool & school programs	84.010	\$ 668,168
Handicapped - state grants Title VI-B Vocational education program improvement	84.027	330,331
Vocational education basic grants to states	84.048	113,251
Vocational education School to work General education - drug free schools Drug-free schools and communities	17.249 84.186	45,615 20,264
Special Projects:		
Title II Education for economic security Title VI-innovative education	84.281 84.298	21,657 38,913
Class size reduction	84.340	123,158
Preschool	84.173	29,348
Developmental disabilities basic grant	93.630	643
Goals	84.276	34,310
Total Department of Education		\$ 1,425,658
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Component Unit School Board		\$ 2,176,175
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Reporting Entitiy		\$ 7,682,072

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2002

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Reportable conditions identified not considered

to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Reportable conditions identified not considered

to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.555	National School Lunch Program
84.010	Title I
84.027	Title VI-B
93.667	Social services block grant
93.596	Child care and development fund
93.558	Temporary assistance to needy families

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

